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No. 00-1504

Supreme Court, U.S.
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In The

Supreme Court of the United States

ROBERT G. HILGER AND GAY E. HILGER,

Petitioners,

vs.

EDITH M. LAWRENCE and the EDITH M. LAWRENCE TRUST,

Respondents.

On Petition For A Writ Of *Certiorari* To The Michigan Supreme Court, Or, Alternatively, To The Michigan Court Of Appeals

BRIEF IN OPPOSITION TO A PETITION FOR A WRIT OF *CERTIORARI*

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COUNTERSTATEMENT OF THE QUESTION PRESENTED

The Petitioner was injured while voluntarily mowing a field on the Respondent's property. Petitioner sued respondent on a state premise liability theory. Following the close of discovery, Respondent sought summary judgment on two different bases. the state trial court granted respondent summary judgment on one basis – the volunteer doctrine – while the state intermediate court of appeals affirmed the summary judgment on the other basis – Respondent owed petitioner no duty of care under the circumstances as established in discovery. The state supreme court declined to review the decision of the court of appeals. Should the United States Supreme Court grant *certiorari* **to review the decisions of the state trial and appellate courts in this matter, where it is clear there are no substantial federal questions involved?**

PARTIES TO THE PROCEEDINGS

Petitioners

Petitioners Robert G. Hilger (hereinafter Mr. Hilger) and Gay E. Hilger (Mrs. Hilger) are husband and wife who were the Plaintiffs and Appellants in all lower courts. Mr. Hilger is the son-in-law and Mrs. Hilger is the daughter of Respondent Edith M. Lawrence (Mrs. Lawrence).

Respondents

Respondents Mrs. Lawrence and the Edith M. Lawrence Trust (the Trust) were the Defendants and Appellees in all lower courts. Mrs. Lawrence lives on the property where Mr. Hilger allegedly fell and injured himself. The Trust owns the property.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

Counterstatement of the Question Presented i

Parties to the Proceedings ii

Table of Contents..... iii

Table of Authorities iv

Opinions Below 1

Counterstatement of Jurisdiction 1

Counterstatement of Constitutional Provisions and Statutes 4

Counterstatement of the Case..... 4

Reason for Denying the Petition 10

The Petitioner was injured while voluntarily mowing a field on the respondent's property. Petitioner sued Respondent on a state premises liability theory. Following the close of discovery, respondent sought summary judgment on two different bases. The state trial court granted respondent summary judgment on one basis – the volunteer doctrine – while the state intermediate court of appeals affirmed the summary judgment on the other basis – Respondent owed petitioner no duty of care under the circumstances as established in discovery. The state supreme court declined to review the decision of the court of appeals. The United States Supreme Court should not grant *certiorari* to review the decisions of the state trial and appellate courts in this matter, where it is clear there are no substantial federal questions involved 10

Conclusion 29

Appendix.....App. 1

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Page

CASES:

Bertrand v. Alan Ford, Inc., 449 Mich 606; 537 NW2d 185 (1995) 27

Bonner v. Chicago Title Insurance Company, 194 Mich App 462; 487 NW2d 807 (1992) 3, 10

Brown v. Allen, 344 U.S. 443; 73 S.Ct. 397; 97 L.Ed. 469 (1953), *reh den* 3

Bryant v. Brannen, 180 Mich App 87; 446 NW2d 847 (1989) 19

Buczkowski v. *McKay*, 441 Mich 96; 490 NW2d 330 (1992) 15

Citizens Insurance Company v. *Bloomfield Township*, 209 Mich App 484; 532 NW2d 183 (1985) 2

Daigneau v. *Young*, 349 Mich 632; 85 NW2d 88 (1957) 26

Danaher v. *Partridge Creek Country Club*, 116 Mich App 305; 323 NW2d 376 (1982) 19

Elder v. *Holloway*, 510 U.S. 510; 114 S.Ct. 1019; 127 L.Ed.2d 344 (1994) 3

Gadde v. *Michigan Consolidated Gas Company*, 377 Mich 117; 139 NW2d 722 (1966) 23, 24

Hilger v. *Lawrence*, Michigan Court of Appeals No. 206103, *rel'd* 9/7/99 (unpublished) 8

Howe v. *Michigan Central Railway Company*, 236 Mich 577; 211 NW 111 (1926), *cert den* 274 US 738; 47 S.Ct. 576; 71 L Ed 1317 (1927) 26

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES – Continued

Page

Integral Insurance Company v. *Maersk Container Service Company, Inc.*, 206 Mich App 325; 520 NW2d 656 (1994), *reh den, lv den and recon den* 447 Mich 903 (1994) 2, 10, 12, 13

Jordan v. *Whiting Corporation*, 396 Mich 145; 240 NW2d 468 (1976) 25

King v. *Nicholson Transit Company*, 329 Mich 586; 46 NW2d 389 (1951) 20

Leep v. *McComber*, 118 Mich App 653; 325 NW2d 531 (1982), *lv den* 417 Mich 1005 (1983) 16

Leveque v. *Leveque*, 41 Mich App 127; 109 NW2d 675 (1972) 17

Moning v. *Alfono*, 400 Mich 425; 254 NW2d 759 (1977), *reh den* 402 Mich 958 (1977) 2, 15, 20

Mulholland v. *DEC International*, 432 Mich 395; 443 NW2d 340 (1989) 25

Pandisco v. *Bowen*, 342 Mass 435; 172 NE2d 634 (1961) 17

Preston v. *Sleziak*, 383 Mich 442; 174 NW2d 769 (1970) 16, 17, 18

Reck v. *Reck*, 46 NE2d 429 (Ohio App, 1942) 12

Riddle v. *McLouth Steel Products Corporation*, 440 Mich 85; 485 NW2d 676 (1992), *reh den* 440 Mich 1209; 488 NW2d 736 (1993) 15

Ryder Truck Rental v. *Urbane*, 228 Mich App 519; 579 NW2d 425 (1998) 2

San Pedro Hotel Company, Inc. v. *City of Los Angeles*, 159 F.3d 470 (9th Cir., 1998) 3

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES – Continued

Page

Schenk v. *Mercury Marine Division, Lowe Industries*, 155 Mich App 20; 399 NW2d 428 (1986) 15

Simko v. *Blake*, 201 Mich App 191; 506 NW2d 258 (1993) 15

Skinner v. *Square D Company*, 453 Mich 153; 516 NW2d 475 (1994), *reh den*, 455 Mich 1233; 521 NW2d 15 (1994) 20, 25, 26, 28

Skinner v. *Square D Company*, 195 Mich App 664; 491 NW2d 648 (1994), *aff'd* 445 Mich 153; 516 NW2d 475 (1998), *reh den* 445 Mich 1233; 521 NW2d 15 (1994) 25

Socha v. *Passino*, 105 Mich App 445; 306 NW2d 316 (1981) 16

Stefan v. *White*, 76 Mich App 654; 257 NW2d 206 (1977) 21, 23, 24, 27

CONSTITUTIONS:

Michigan Constitution of 1963 22

Michigan Constitution of 1963, Section 14, Article I 4

United States Constitution of 1787 22

United States Constitution of 1787, Section 1, Article XIV 4

COURT RULES:

F.R.Civ.P. 56 1

GCR 1963, 117.2(3) 21

MCR 2.116(C)(10) 2, 18, 21

MCR 7.302 *et seq.* 9

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES – Continued

Page

OTHER AUTHORITIES:

Prosser & Keeton, Torts (5th ed.) 25

Opinions Below

The Honorable Michael J. Callahan of Michigan's Wayne County Circuit Court granted Mrs. Lawrence and the Trust the Michigan equivalent of summary judgment under F.R.Civ.P. 56 on July 24, 1997. Judge Callahan denied Petitioners' request for rehearing of his decision on August 22, 1997.

The Court of Appeals, Michigan's intermediate appellate court, the Honorable Brian K. Zahra, the Honorable Henry William Saad and the Honorable Jeffrey G. Collins, issued a *per curium*, unpublished decision and opinion on September 7, 1999 affirming Judge Callahan. The Court of Appeals denied Petitioners' request for rehearing of the decision and opinion on November 19, 1999.

Petitioners filed an Application for Leave to Appeal the September 7, 1999 and November 19, 1999 decisions of the Court of Appeals with the Michigan Supreme Court. The Michigan Supreme Court denied Petitioners' Application on September 12, 2000, and denied Petitioners' request for reconsideration of the denial on December 27, 2000.

Counterstatement of Jurisdiction

This is a premises liability dispute that was brought solely on the basis of Michigan common law in a Michigan state court. After discovery was completed, Respondents brought the equivalent of a F.R.Civ.P 56 Motion for

[3] Farmington Hills, Michigan
March 19, 1996
About 10:00 a.m.

EDITH LAWRENCE,

having first been duly sworn, was examined and testified on her oath as follows:

EXAMINATION BY MS. PETRIK:

Q. Good morning, Mrs. Lawrence. My name is Chris Petrik, and I represent Bob and Gay Hilger in this matter. I'm going to ask you some questions. If you don't understand the question, please let me know and I'll rephrase it. Can you state your full name for the record, please.

A. Edith M. Lawrence.

Q. And your address?

A. 20635 Meridian Road, Grosse Ile, Michigan.

Q. And your birth date?

A. July 22nd, 1929.

Q. How long have you lived at that address on Meridian Road?

A. About 29 years.

Q. Were you married?

A. Am I or –

Q. Were you?

A. Yes.

[4] Q. And your husband's name was?

A. Kenneth.

Q. Lawrence?

A. J. Lawrence.

Q. And when were you and Kenneth married?

A. October 8, 1949.

Q. Is that your only marriage?

A. Yes.

Q. And when did Kenneth pass away?

A. March 4th, 1993.

Q. Did you and Kenneth have any children?

A. Yes.

Q. Can you give me their names and ages?

A. Gay Hilger. She was born in 1954. What does that make her?

MR. BRYANT: That's close enough.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) That's fine. Any other children?

A. No.

Q. After Mr. Lawrence passed away, did you remain in the house on Meridian?

A. Yes.

Q. You currently reside there now?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you own the property at Meridian?

[5] A. Yes.

Q. Is the property and the house held in a trust?

A. Yes, it is now, my trust, after my husband died.

Q. What is the name of the trust?

A. Edith M. Lawrence Trust – Edith M. Lawrence Revocable Trust, dated June 10th, 1993.

Q. Who set up the trust for you, Mrs. Lawrence?

MR. BRYANT: You mean her attorney's name or –

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Was it an attorney?

A. Yes. It starts with a K. I don't remember his name.

Q. And correct me if I'm wrong. The trust was set up on June 10th of '93?

A. Yes.

Q. What was the purpose for setting up the trust?

A. Because I was the only one for my – after my husband died. Then I didn't want to put property in my daughter's name, and that – and I was advised to make a revocable trust, that it would make it easier for her.

Q. Does the trust hold any other property other [6] than the property on Grosse Ile?

A. Oh, yeah.

Q. What else would the trust cover?

A. My ten-year-old car, a half interest in a condo in Florida and, you know, the bank accounts and the bonds.

Q. Okay. When Mr. Lawrence was alive, did Mr. Lawrence keep up on the property and the outside maintenance?

A. Yes.

Q. Was that quite a task to undertake?

A. He was retired, so he did it.

Q. So he lived in the house for 29 years. Was he employed at all while you were residing there?

A. Yes. He was supervisor at Great Lakes.

Q. When did he retire?

MR. BRYANT: Approximately.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) As best you can remember.

A. He had been retired – I think he had been retired about 20 years.

Q. Prior to his retirement, who kept up the outside property?

A. He did.

Q. Do you know how much acreage?

A. Ten acres.

[7] Q. Are there different fields or lots involved in this ten acres?

A. Yes.

Q. Is there a barn on the acreage?

A. It's a stable.

Q. Is there a home on the property?

A. Yes.

Q. Would you mind sketching out what the acreage looks like and the location of the stable and the home?

MR. BRYANT: Could I suggest you just use the other one that was already made?

MS. PETRIK: Will you stipulate to that being a correct depiction?

MR. BRYANT: Well, let her see if that's correct as I show this to her, a rough layout of the property.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Is that a correct depiction?

A. Well, this property goes a little further back.

Q. Lot number three you're indicating?

A. Yes. It goes a little further back, back to some woods. This whole section here is five acres. Two and three is five acres.

Q. Can you show me how much farther lot three [8] would go back?

A. It goes back maybe this far again. I mean I don't know how many feet, but so this would go up like this.

Q. All right. The back of lot three, is that lined with trees?

A. The very back is.

Q. Is it a wooded area?

A. Yes. The very back and then – as a matter of fact, it's like fence line, trees around the fence line all the way around.

Q. Are the northeast, southwest, are those correct on that diagram?

A. Northeast –

Q. Is that how the property lies?

A. Yes.

Q. Okay. When your husband was alive, he cut all of the acres?

A. Yes.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, is there an ordinance that requires that you keep the weeds under a certain length, if you know?

A. I don't know.

Q. How often did your husband cut the fields, one and two? How often did he cut one and two?

[9] A. Oh, one, yeah, he cut that regularly because that's in front of the house. I mean, see, this is all fences. We have a decorative fence here, a wood fence, and so this is like part of the yard.

MR. BRYANT: Wait. If you want, I can make a copy of this if you want to do some marking on it.

MS. PETRIK: That's fine.

A. But in the summer, my husband was on the tractor almost every night a little bit here and little bit there.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) So it was a lot to keep it up?

A. Yes.

Q. How often did he cut the second lot?

A. You know, I never questioned him.

Q. Was it as often as he cut the first?

A. No. This lot is like – we called it the field. This is like a pasture, and this didn't require as much as this. This is more like a lawn.

Q. All right. What about the third field?

A. I don't know how often he cut that. You can't see it from the road. You can't see it from the house. It's completely surrounded by trees. I mean I didn't question him.

[10] Q. Sure. Okay. If you had a stable, did you ever have to board horses there?

A. No, we didn't board them. We had horses.

Q. How many horses did you have?

A. We had a couple riding horses, and then my dad had grazing horses. My dad lived next door so he kept his horses at the stable.

Q. Now, you say your dad lived next door. Was it east or west?

A. He lived south, next door.

Q. It would be south. We'll wait for the diagram to come back.

(Discussion off the record.)

DEPOSITION EXHIBIT 1

WAS MARKED BY THE REPORTER

FOR IDENTIFICATION.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Ms. Lawrence, I'm going to show you a diagram that's been marked number one. These are the lots we're talking about. Can you show me where the wooded area is where you're saying that there are woods behind the property line?

A. Well, I don't know how much further.

Q. That's all right. Just a rough estimation.

A. And this is all woods back here, and then the fence lines have all trees and bushes on it. They're [11] overgrown quite a bit. I can't even see through all along here.

Q. That's wooded area?

A. Yes. This is all fence line and this is all grown up and this is all grown up. This isn't. This isn't.

Q. What is that that you're drawing the line on?

A. Here? This is the barnyard. The barn is in here. The house sits up a little bit up here because we've got a backyard, and this is all trees and this is all trees. It's almost like all by ourselves.

Q. Do you have many trees on the property?

A. Yes. It's all in the front, orchard.

Q. And do they line the driveway onto the property?

A. Yes. They're dying though, getting old.

Q. So between two and three, this is a fence?

A. Yeah, there's a fence there and it's all overgrown. See, this is what we bought first. The people we bought it from owned this, also.

Q. So you bought lot one first, the barn and the house?

A. Yes. It's two pieces of property actually. It's this section and then this section.

Q. All right. Lot one, the barn and the house. [12] When did you buy lots two and three, approximately?

A. They put it up for sale – the township owned them and they put them up for sale in – gosh –

Q. As best you can remember.

A. Time goes so fast. I would say possibly 20 years ago because the township put them up. We bought them because we just would rather have it than to have somebody else there.

Q. So your father lives on the south side of you?

A. Yes.

Q. How far over is his home from you? Is there a lot between you –

A. No. He had three acres and he was next door.

Q. What is your dad's name?

A. Ernest T. Porter.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, do you own a tractor?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you own more than one?

A. Yes.

Q. How many tractors do you own?

A. Well, one big tractor and one medium-sized tractor.

Q. I'm going to show you a couple of photographs, three photographs. Is this one of the [13] tractors you own?

A. Yes.

Q. Are all of these the same tractor?

A. Yes.

Q. Can you mark these?

A. A blue tractor and a red tractor.

DEPOSITION EXHIBIT 2 THROUGH 4

WERE MARKED BY THE REPORTER

FOR IDENTIFICATION.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Mrs. Lawrence, this photograph has been marked Exhibit Number 3. It shows the blue Ford tractor. Who purchased that?

A. My father.

Q. And do you know approximately or when he purchased it?

A. Right after he moved out there, we both moved the same year, in about '67 because between us, we had so much property. He bought the tractors.

Q. So your father bought that tractor approximately 1967?

A. Let's say next summer, '68, because we moved in the late summer.

Q. Did your father use it on his property?

A. No. He used it on mine.

Q. So he bought it to use it on your property?

[14] A. Yes. Because he wanted to store horses there.

Q. All right. Did your father ever cut the grass?

A. No.

Q. Your husband used to though?

A. Yes.

Q. Did he buy it for you and your husband?

A. Well, he didn't buy it – he also used it to cut the field across from our business, and he stored it on his property. He stored both of them. But it was too big for a front yard. See, it has a bush hog on it. It's for fields and small trees and that you can cut right down.

Q. When you say he cut the fields by your business, where was your business?

A. In Wyandotte we have an empty field.

Q. And – and what was the field?

A. Star Screw Products.

Q. And how long did you have the business?

A. 50 years.

Q. Did you sell it?

A. No.

Q. Do you still have it?

A. Yes. My brother and I run it now.

[15] Q. What does the business do?

A. Manufactures screw machine products.

Q. Did your father store this on your property?

A. No, he had it on his. But when my father died, my brother and I divided up his, and we took the tractors because we had the property.

Q. When did your father pass away?

A. '87.

Q. This has been marked Exhibit Number 4. In addition to the blue tractor, the Ford tractor, there's a red tractor?

A. Yes.

Q. Who purchased the red tractor?

A. My dad.

Q. Do you know when?

A. Not offhand. That's the second one he's had.

Q. So he purchased it after the Ford tractor?

A. Yes, because he found that this was too big to do yards. But that's the second one, so that's quite a bit after.

Q. When Mr. Lawrence cut the fields, what tractor did he use?

A. Different ones, but he usually used this one.

Q. Mostly the blue one?

A. The little field, too, sometimes he'd use the [16] red one. One and two for the red. No. Wait a minute. This is two and three. I call the house one.

MR. BRYANT: Well, just use the numbers that are on there.

A. All right. One, the red tractor. Two and three, the blue because he usually let them get longer.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Mrs. Lawrence, how long would he let two and three grow before he would cut it; do you have any idea?

A. No, I don't.

Q. Do you have any idea how many times in the summer he would cut those fields?

A. No, because like I say, he'd cut a little bit at a time. I couldn't see him from the house and I worked and he'd go out. It was like I always thought it was perpetual. He was on a tractor almost every day doing some section. I know he wasn't.

MR. BRYANT: Wait a minute. She has to ask a question. Let her ask a question.

A. Okay.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) After your husband passed away, who cut the fields, one, two, and three?

A. Bob, my grandsons. I don't think – I don't know if three had been cut. I don't know. It's kind [17] of a blur.

Q. How many grandsons do you have, Mrs. Lawrence?

A. Well, I have four if you – I have two step grandsons and two grandsons.

Q. What are Gay's sons' names and ages?

A. Gay's? Tim and Bob.

Q. How old is Tim?

A. He's going to be 18 in June.

Q. And Bob?

A. He's going to be 12 in August.

Q. And Bob's sons?

A. Aaron and Adam.

Q. So the four boys and Bob would come over to the house?

A. Yeah, alternate, you know. They wouldn't all come at the same time. They would come.

Q. If Mr. Lawrence passed away in March of '93, we had the summer of '93 and '94 where Bob and the boys would come over to cut the fields?

In premises liability cases, the duty an owner or possessor of land owes toward another on his or her land depends on the status of the other. *Leep* v. *McComber*, 118 Mich App 653, 657; 325 NW2d 531 (1982), *lv den* 417 Mich 1005 (1983). The other may be an invitee, a licensee or a trespasser. *Preston* v. *Sleziak*, 383 Mich 442; 175 NW2d 769 (1970).

Mr. Hilger was not a trespasser on the Respondents' property the day of his accident. The question has always been, Mr. Hilger's status as a volunteer aside, whether Mr. Hilger was a licensee or an invitee on the Respondents' property at the time of his accident.

A licensee is one who is, expressly or implicitly, permitted on the property of another, but who is on that property for a personal, unshared benefit and whose presence on the property is merely tolerated by the owner or possessor. *Leep* v. *McComber*, *supra*, at 658. By contrast, an invitee is one who is on the lands of another for something that is mutually beneficial to both parties, and where a business, commercial, monetary or other tangible benefit is conferred to the owner or possessor. *Socha* v. *Passino*, 105 Mich App 445, 447-448; 306 NW2d 316 (1981).

In the matter at bar, Petitioners conceded there was **never** a request from Mrs. Lawrence to Mr. Hilger to cut the grass in field number three or cut the grass on **any** of the Respondents' property. Mr. Hilger took it upon himself to cut the grass on the property, including the grass in field number three. Mr. Hilger set his own schedule, came when he felt the grass needed cutting, and handled

everything himself without any input of any sort from Mrs. Lawrence or the Trust.

Mr. Hilger was providing " 'friendly help in household routine or commonplace tasks . . . .' " *Leveque* v. *Leveque*, 41 Mich App 127; 109 NW2d 675 (1972), citing with approval *Pandisco* v. *Bowen*, 342 Mass 435, 437-438; 172 NE2d 634 (1961). Mr. Hilger was therefore a **licensee** on Mrs. Lawrence's property at the time of his accident.

Since Mr. Hilger was a licensee, the question becomes what duties did Mrs. Lawrence owe him at the time of the accident.

Possessors of land such as the Respondents are liable for an injury to a licensee due to a condition on the former's land **if and only if** the following conditions exist (see, generally, *Preston* v. *Sleziak, supra*).

> – The possessor must know or have reason to know of the condition of the land that injured the licensee.
>
> – The possessor should have realized that the condition posed an unreasonable risk of harm to the licensee.
>
> – The possessor should have expected that the licensee would not learn of the condition and the licensee did not learn of the condition.
>
> – The possessor failed to exercise reasonable care to make the condition safe or to warn the licensee about the condition.

It is uncontested that the Respondents did **not** have **any** knowledge of the log that supposedly caused Mr. Hilger's accident. Mrs. Lawrence could not even see field number three from her home. While she knew that her

late husband had on occasion placed material along the **eastern** fence line at the **back** of field number three, to her knowledge he had **never** placed **any** material where Mr. Hilger's accident occurred, along the **western** fence line, near the **southwest** corner of the field.

Petitioners have never suggested there was anything wrong with the tractor Mr. Hilger was driving at the time of the accident. The tractor in question has a wide stance, with a comparatively low center of gravity. That such a device could strike a log, rear up, throw the driver to one side, right itself, and continue forward until it struck a tree, injuring the driver in the process is such a bizarre series of events that there is no way Mrs. Lawrence could have realized that the log, assuming *arguendo* Mr. Hilger's accident was caused by the log Mr. Hilger found in field number three several months after the accident, posed an unreasonable risk of harm to Petitioners.

Neither of the first two parts of the test outlined in *Preston* v. *Sleziak, supra,* can **ever** apply to the Respondents. They had no knowledge of, and no reason to know of, the log, and could not have expected that the log would cause the tractor to rear up, throw Mr. Hilger to one side, right itself, and continue on into a tree. Therefore, the Respondents could not and cannot be liable for the accident and were and are entitled to summary disposition pursuant to MCR 2.116(C)(10).

Possessors of land do have a somewhat higher duty of care toward invitees. They are **not,** however, guarantors of the safety of invitees. Their **only** duty is to exercise reasonable care for the protection of invitees on their

land. *Bryant* v. *Brannen*, 180 Mich App 87; 446 NW2d 847 (1989).

It is undisputed that the Respondents had no knowledge whatsoever of the log supposedly involved in Mr. Hilger's accident until **long after** the incident. Mrs. Lawrence did not go into field number three because of her physical limitations, while Mr. Hilger routinely went to the field. He had not noticed the log supposedly involved in his accident in his previous forays into the field. If Mr. Hilger did not discover the log until **long after** the accident, how could Mrs. Lawrence have discovered the log and recognized the potential danger to Mr. Hilger before Mr. Hilger's accident? *Danaher* v. *Partridge Creek Country Club*, 116 Mich App 305, 312; 323 NW2d 376 (1982).

Photos produced during the course of Mr. Hilger's deposition indicated that the log supposedly involved in the mishap was located under a bush that was approximately six feet tall. The bush abutted tall trees. It was not Mr. Hilger's intent to cut down the bush the day of his accident because of the bush's size and location and the capabilities of the tractor he was driving. Further, the bush was not in a location that needed to be cut. The rest of field number three is open. Mrs. Lawrence had no reason to expect that Mr. Hilger, in the course of cutting field number three, would drive the right front wheel of the tractor **into or under** a bush that no one could or should have reasonably assumed was going to be cut down or mowed around by Mr. Hilger on Mrs. Lawrence's tractor.

While Mrs. Lawrence may have had a duty to render her land reasonably safe for invitees, she did **not** have an

absolute duty to do so. She only had to exercise **ordinary care and prudence under the circumstances presented.** As a matter of law, she did not have a duty to inspect areas where it was not reasonable to think Mr. Hilger would take her tractor in the course of cutting field number three, or to look for objects that would cause the tractor to rear up, throw the driver to the left, then right itself and continue on into a tree.

The focus here is on **duty**. Did Mrs. Lawrence have a duty to anticipate the bizarre set of circumstances that led to the accident, and to warn or otherwise safeguard Mr. Hilger? That is a question of law for the court. *Moning* v. *Alfono, supra.* As the Court of Appeals noted, Judge Callahan would have been correct in granting the Respondents' Motion for Summary Disposition on the basis that, given the facts as established in discovery, the Respondents did not owe Petitioners the duty of protecting Mr. Hilger from the log. The Court of Appeals was similarly correct in affirming Judge Callahan's decision on that basis, and neither Judge Callahan's decision, the decision of the Court of Appeals to affirm Judge Callahan, or the decision of the Michigan Supreme Court to decline review of the decision of the Court of Appeals requires review by this Supreme Court.

The Respondents' final argument in her Motion for Summary Disposition was that Petitioners' case was based on guess, conjecture and speculation. Michigan has long held that a jury-submissible case is **not** presented when the only way a verdict can be returned is if the members of the jury have to engage in guess, conjecture and speculation. *King* v. *Nicholson Transit Company*, 329 Mich 586, 592; 46 NW2d 389 (1951); see also *Skinner* v.

Square D Company, 453 Mich 153, 165-166; 516 NW2d 475 (1994), *reh den* 455 Mich 1233; 521 NW2d 15 (1994).

Mr. Hilger's accident was unwitnessed. Mr. Hilger acknowledged in his deposition that **he had no idea how** the accident happened. He admitted that it was not until many months **after** the accident, perhaps as much as a **year later**, that he returned to the scene of the incident and, for the first time, noticed the log. After noticing the log, he decided that the log "must" have been what caused the tractor to rear up, throw him to the left, right itself and then continue on into a tree.

The admissions of Mr. Hilger bring this matter within the guidance of *Stefan* v. *White*, 76 Mich App 654; 257 NW2d 206 (1977). In *Stefan*, the plaintiff fell while leaving the defendant's home. In her deposition, she admitted that she had no idea what had caused her to fall. In opposing the defendant's motion for summary judgment under GCR 1963, 117.2(3) [now a motion for summary disposition under MCR 2.116(C)(10)], the plaintiff's husband submitted an affidavit which tried to link the plaintiff's slip and fall to an "extrusion" on the edge of the kitchen floor of the defendant's house. *Stefan*, at 658. The Court of Appeals affirmed the summary judgment the trial court had granted the defendant, finding that all the plaintiff was really doing was engaging in after-the-fact guess, conjecture and speculation as to the cause of her slip and fall.

Here, all Petitioners are doing and have been doing since the Respondents' Motion for Summary Disposition was first filed is engaging in after-the-fact guessing, conjecturing and speculating that, (1) because the tractor

allegedly reared up, its right front tire must have struck something, and (2) since a log was found several months and possibly as much as a year after the accident in what Mr. Hilger thought may have been the general area of the accident, the log must have been the cause of the tractor rearing up, which in turn led to the collision between the tractor and the tree.

In order for a case to go to trial, there has to be something more than unbridled guess, conjecture and speculation. This is true under both the Michigan Constitution of 1963 and the United States Constitution. The fact of Mr. Hilger's accident is not enough to show that negligence on the part of the Respondents was a proximate cause of the accident. Without admissible evidence that shows a logical connection between a party's purported negligence and an event, there is no cause of action for negligence as a matter of law – as was and is the case here.

In the case of an unwitnessed accident, a case can be made out through circumstantial evidence. This does, though, have to ignore the fact that Mr. Hilger himself was an on-the-spot eyewitness for his accident – but did **not** know at the time how the accident happened and can **still** only guess, conjecture and speculate as to how it happened.

In any event, circumstantial evidence can be used to prove a case if and only if all four of the following factors are present.

> – The event must be of a kind that ordinarily does not occur in the absence of someone's negligence.

- An agency or instrumentality within the **exclusive control** of the defendant must have caused the event.

- The event must not have been due to any voluntary action or contribution on the part of the plaintiff.

- Evidence of the true explanation of the event must be **more easily accessible** to the defendant than to the plaintiff.

Stefan, at 681; see also *Gadde* v. *Michigan Consolidated Gas Company*, 377 Mich 117, 124; 139 NW2d 722 (1966).

The Respondents agree that Mr. Hilger's accident would not normally have occurred absent someone's negligence. For all that is known, however, Mr. Hilger could simply have not been paying attention to where he was going while mowing field number three and driven into the tree.

The tractor involved in the incident was obviously under the exclusive control of Mr. Hilger at the time of the accident. Mr. Hilger had *de facto* equal access to field number three with Mrs. Lawrence, and in reality had more practical, hands-on access because Mr. Hilger did not have Mrs. Lawrence's physical infirmities.

The incident plainly could not have happened without Mr. Hilger's active participation in it.

Finally, Mr. Hilger had and has unlimited access to both Mrs. Lawrence's tractor and field number three on the Respondents' property.

Petitioners cannot meet three of the four elements for using circumstantial evidence required by Michigan law to prove their case. As stated in *Stefan*:

> An attempt to apply these [*Stefan/Gadde*] factors demonstrates the lack of a showing, even circumstantial, as to the cause of the fall. Without such a showing, there is no causal connection between the defendant and the fall; only speculation and conjecture remain. More than this has to be presented in order to raise a genuine issue of material fact.

Stefan, at 661-662, footnote omitted.

Mr. Hilger **did not know and does not know** what caused the tractor to rear up and throw him to the left. All Petitioners can do is **speculate** as to what **could have happened** on the basis of what Mr. Hilger supposedly found in field number three **many months after** the accident. Under these circumstances, Petitioners had and have no case against the Respondents for the accident. Judge Callahan could have granted the Motion for Summary Disposition on the basis of Petitioners' failure to present evidence that would take their claim out of the realm of guess, conjecture and speculation. The failure to present evidence that took the case out of the realm of guess, conjecture and speculation in the course of opposing the Motion for Summary Disposition provides yet another reason as to why the decision of Judge Callahan to grant the Motion was properly affirmed by the Court of Appeals, required no review by the Michigan Supreme Court, and requires no review by this United States Supreme Court.

Skinner v. *Square D Company*, cited *supra*, was a products liability case, but its *ratio decidendi* plainly has application here. In *Skinner*, the plaintiff's decedent was electrocuted, allegedly due to a defective switch. The trial court granted the defendant summary disposition, which the Court of Appeals affirmed. *Skinner* v. *Square D Company*, 195 Mich App 664; 491 NW2d 648 (1994), *aff'd* 445 Mich 153; 516 NW2d 475 (1998), *reh den* 445 Mich 1233; 521 NW2d 15 (1994).

The Michigan Supreme Court affirmed both the Court of Appeals and the trial court. The Supreme Court stated:

> We have consistently applied this threshold evidentiary standard to a plaintiff's proof of factual causation in negligence cases.
>
> > The plaintiff must introduce evidence which affords a reasonable basis for the conclusion that it is more likely than not that the conduct of the defendant was a cause in fact of the result. A mere possibility of such causation is not enough; and when the matter remains one of pure speculation or conjecture, or the probabilities are at best evenly balanced, it becomes the duty of the court to direct a verdict for the defendant. [*Mulholland* v. *DEC International*, 432 Mich 395, 416, n 18; 443 NW2d 340 (1989), quoting Prosser & Keeton, Torts (5th ed.), § 41, p 269.]
> >
> > The mere possibility that a defendant's negligence may have been the cause, either theoretical or conjectural, of an accident is not sufficient to establish a causal link between the two. [*Jordan* v. *Whiting Corporation*, 396 Mich 145, 151; 240 NW2d 468 (1976).]

> There must be substantial evidence which forms a reasonable basis for the inference of negligence. There must be more than a mere possibility that unreasonable conduct of the defendant caused the injury. We cannot permit the jury to guess. . . . [*Daigneau* v. *Young*, 349 Mich 632, 636; 85 NW2d 88 (1957) (citations omitted).]
>
> Something more should be offered the jury than a situation which, by ingenious interpretation, suggests the mere possibility of defendant's negligence being the cause of the injury. [*Howe* v. *Michigan Central Railway Company*, 236 Mich 577; 211 NW 111 (1926), *cert den* 274 US 738; 47 S Ct 576; 71 L Ed 1317 (1927).]
>
> * * *
>
> We recognize that motions for summary judgment implicate considerations of the jury's role to decide questions of material fact. At the same time, however, litigants do not have any right to submit an evidentiary record to the jury that would allow the jury to do nothing more than guess.

Skinner, at 165-167, 174.

In *Skinner*, summary disposition was proper because the plaintiff's evidence only established that an accident took place. The plaintiff could not set forth specific facts that supported a reasonable inference of a logical sequence of cause and effect. The plaintiff merely presented a causation theory that was premised on conjecture and possibilities.

That is the situation in the case at bar. As the Court of Appeals noted in its September 7, 1999 decision and opinion:

> Nonetheless, we conclude that the trial court properly granted summary disposition to defendants because plaintiffs failed to present evidence to sustain a *prima facie* case of premises liability. Assuming plaintiff Robert Hilger was an invitee, plaintiff would have to present evidence of a dangerous condition on the land that the defendant knew or should have known that plaintiff would not discover, realize, or protect himself against. *Bertrand* v. *Alan Ford, Inc.*, 449 Mich 606, 609; 537 NW2d 185 (1995). The mere occurrence of an accident is not enough to raise a legitimate inference of negligence. *Stefan* v. *White*, 76 Mich App 654, 661; 257 NW2d 206 (1977). There must be proof that a dangerous condition existed and defendant knew or should have known of its existence. *Bertrand, supra* at 609.
>
> Plaintiff Robert Hilger testified that while he was mowing the weeds in Lot #3 of defendant's property, the tractor tipped to the left which caused him to fall partially off the tractor sustaining injuries to his left knee. Hilger never identified what caused the tractor to tip. Several months after the accident Hilger went back to Lot #3 and discovered a log that appeared to have been cut down lying in the area where the accident occurred. Plaintiff never saw the log on the day of the accident, nor was there any other evidence or testimony to establish that the log plaintiff observed months after the fact was, in fact, what caused the tractor to tip to the left. Significantly, Hilger testified that he had mowed

> Lot #3 two or three times between 1992 and 1994 after defendant's husband died and never observed the log previously. Additionally, defendant was in no position to know if there was a dangerous condition on Lot #3 because she relied upon plaintiff and his sons to take care of Lot #3 for her. Although defendant testified that she knew her husband had placed wood at the rear of Lot #3 while he was alive, the accident occurred in a different area of the lot more than three years after plaintiff began mowing the property. Thus, defendant's purported knowledge of the dangerous condition is not supported by the facts.

Petitioners' case was and is premised on the assumption that: (a) the tractor reared up because Mr. Hilger drove the tractor into a log; (b) the log was there long enough for Mrs. Lawrence to have been on actual or constructive notice of the log; and (c) Mrs. Lawrence knew or should have known that Mr. Hilger would not have observed the log in the course of cutting the grass on field number three. All of these assumptions are, at best, equiponderant with the facts. The only way the jury could have returned a verdict for Petitioners was by engaging in guess, conjecture and speculation on the issue of causation. This was recognized by the Court of Appeals and provided a more than sufficient basis for affirming the decision of the trial court to dismiss Petitioners' cause of action. The decision of the Court of Appeals being consistent with the *ratio decidendi* of *Skinner*, no useful purpose would have been served by having the Michigan Supreme Court review the matter. Since the

decision was based on Michigan law that does not conflict with any federal statute or constitutional provision, there is nothing for this forum to review.

CONCLUSION AND REQUEST FOR RELIEF

This is a premises liability case that turns on the question of duty – did one party owe another a duty, given the circumstances between them as established by discovery? This is a question of state law that should be left to the states.

Petitioners argue that this case is really about the decision of the Court of Appeals to resolve disputed issues of fact.

Where are the disputed issues of fact? That Mr. Hilger had mowed field number three and walked in field number three a number of times before his accident, knowing that Mrs. Lawrence's physical infirmities prevented her from making an inspection of that field? That Mr. Hilger was the one that picked the time to mow the field and how he would cut it? That Mr. Hilger had no idea what caused the tractor to rear up at the time of the accident? That he only discovered the log several months after the accident and came to the conclusion it "must" have been the log that caused the tractor to rear up? That no one knows how long the log was in the field prior to its discovery long after the accident? That there was no testimony that contact between the log and the tractor could have caused the tractor to rear up? That there was no evidence on the log or in the area surrounding the log or on the tractor showing that there had ever been contact

between the tractor and the log? That Mrs. Lawrence had no knowledge of the log until Mr. Hilger pointed it out to her after the accident? All of these facts were established in discovery and cannot be disputed by Petitioners.

No one wants to deny a litigant the right to a jury trial. The Constitution does not guarantee a jury trial if a party has no cause of action against another as a matter of law. That is the reason Petitioners' case was dismissed and why the dismissal was affirmed on appeal.

For the foregoing reasons, Respondents respectfully request this Honorable United States Supreme Court to issue an Order denying Petitioners' Petition for a Writ of *Certiorari* in the above-entitled cause of action.

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Dated: April 24, 2001

[1] EDITH LAWRENCE, MARCH 19, 1996

STATE OF MICHIGAN

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR
THE COUNTY OF WAYNE

ROBERT G. HILGER and
GAY E. HILGER,

Plaintiffs

vs. Civil Action

EDITH LAWRENCE, No. 95-528-053-NI

Defendant.

_____/

PAGE 1 TO 50

The deposition of EDITH LAWRENCE,
Taken at 30903 Northwestern Highway,
Farmington Hills, Michigan,
Commencing at 10:00 a.m.,
Tuesday, the 19th day of March, 1996,
Before Gail R. McLeod, RPR, CSR 2901.

[2] APPEARANCES

CHRISTINE PETRIK P53244
1718 Buhl Building
Detroit, Michigan 48226
Appearing on behalf of the Plaintiff.

RANDALL D. BRYANT P11332
Kohl, Secrest, Wardle,
Lynch, Clark, & Hampton
30903 Northwestern Highway, Suite 200
Farmington Hills, Michigan 48333
Appearing on behalf of the Defendant.

[3] Farmington Hills, Michigan
March 19, 1996
About 10:00 a.m.

EDITH LAWRENCE,

having first been duly sworn, was examined and testified on her oath as follows:

EXAMINATION BY MS. PETRIK:

Q. Good morning, Mrs. Lawrence. My name is Chris Petrik, and I represent Bob and Gay Hilger in this matter. I'm going to ask you some questions. If you don't understand the question, please let me know and I'll rephrase it. Can you state your full name for the record, please.

A. Edith M. Lawrence.

Q. And your address?

A. 20635 Meridian Road, Grosse Ile, Michigan.

Q. And your birth date?

A. July 22nd, 1929.

Q. How long have you lived at that address on Meridian Road?

A. About 29 years.

Q. Were you married?

A. Am I or –

Q. Were you?

A. Yes.

[4] Q. And your husband's name was?

A. Kenneth.

Q. Lawrence?

A. J. Lawrence.

Q. And when were you and Kenneth married?

A. October 8, 1949.

Q. Is that your only marriage?

A. Yes.

Q. And when did Kenneth pass away?

A. March 4th, 1993.

Q. Did you and Kenneth have any children?

A. Yes.

Q. Can you give me their names and ages?

A. Gay Hilger. She was born in 1954. What does that make her?

MR. BRYANT: That's close enough.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) That's fine. Any other children?

A. No.

Q. After Mr. Lawrence passed away, did you remain in the house on Meridian?

A. Yes.

Q. You currently reside there now?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you own the property at Meridian?

[5] A. Yes.

Q. Is the property and the house held in a trust?

A. Yes, it is now, my trust, after my husband died.

Q. What is the name of the trust?

A. Edith M. Lawrence Trust – Edith M. Lawrence Revocable Trust, dated June 10th, 1993.

Q. Who set up the trust for you, Mrs. Lawrence?

MR. BRYANT: You mean her attorney's name or –

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Was it an attorney?

A. Yes. It starts with a K. I don't remember his name.

Q. And correct me if I'm wrong. The trust was set up on June 10th of '93?

A. Yes.

Q. What was the purpose for setting up the trust?

A. Because I was the only one for my – after my husband died. Then I didn't want to put property in my daughter's name, and that – and I was advised to make a revocable trust, that it would make it easier for her.

Q. Does the trust hold any other property other [6] than the property on Grosse Ile?

A. Oh, yeah.

Q. What else would the trust cover?

A. My ten-year-old car, a half interest in a condo in Florida and, you know, the bank accounts and the bonds.

Q. Okay. When Mr. Lawrence was alive, did Mr. Lawrence keep up on the property and the outside maintenance?

A. Yes.

Q. Was that quite a task to undertake?

A. He was retired, so he did it.

Q. So he lived in the house for 29 years. Was he employed at all while you were residing there?

A. Yes. He was supervisor at Great Lakes.

Q. When did he retire?

MR. BRYANT: Approximately.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) As best you can remember.

A. He had been retired – I think he had been retired about 20 years.

Q. Prior to his retirement, who kept up the outside property?

A. He did.

Q. Do you know how much acreage?

A. Ten acres.

[7] Q. Are there different fields or lots involved in this ten acres?

A. Yes.

Q. Is there a barn on the acreage?

A. It's a stable.

Q. Is there a home on the property?

A. Yes.

Q. Would you mind sketching out what the acreage looks like and the location of the stable and the home?

MR. BRYANT: Could I suggest you just use the other one that was already made?

MS. PETRIK: Will you stipulate to that being a correct depiction?

MR. BRYANT: Well, let her see if that's correct as I show this to her, a rough layout of the property.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Is that a correct depiction?

A. Well, this property goes a little further back.

Q. Lot number three you're indicating?

A. Yes. It goes a little further back, back to some woods. This whole section here is five acres. Two and three is five acres.

Q. Can you show me how much farther lot three [8] would go back?

A. It goes back maybe this far again. I mean I don't know how many feet, but so this would go up like this.

Q. All right. The back of lot three, is that lined with trees?

A. The very back is.

Q. Is it a wooded area?

A. Yes. The very back and then – as a matter of fact, it's like fence line, trees around the fence line all the way around.

Q. Are the northeast, southwest, are those correct on that diagram?

A. Northeast –

Q. Is that how the property lies?

A. Yes.

Q. Okay. When your husband was alive, he cut all of the acres?

A. Yes.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, is there an ordinance that requires that you keep the weeds under a certain length, if you know?

A. I don't know.

Q. How often did your husband cut the fields, one and two? How often did he cut one and two?

[9] A. Oh, one, yeah, he cut that regularly because that's in front of the house. I mean, see, this is all fences. We have a decorative fence here, a wood fence, and so this is like part of the yard.

MR. BRYANT: Wait. If you want, I can make a copy of this if you want to do some marking on it.

MS. PETRIK: That's fine.

A. But in the summer, my husband was on the tractor almost every night a little bit here and little bit there.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) So it was a lot to keep it up?

A. Yes.

Q. How often did he cut the second lot?

A. You know, I never questioned him.

Q. Was it as often as he cut the first?

A. No. This lot is like – we called it the field. This is like a pasture, and this didn't require as much as this. This is more like a lawn.

Q. All right. What about the third field?

A. I don't know how often he cut that. You can't see it from the road. You can't see it from the house. It's completely surrounded by trees. I mean I didn't question him.

[10] Q. Sure. Okay. If you had a stable, did you ever have to board horses there?

A. No, we didn't board them. We had horses.

Q. How many horses did you have?

A. We had a couple riding horses, and then my dad had grazing horses. My dad lived next door so he kept his horses at the stable.

Q. Now, you say your dad lived next door. Was it east or west?

A. He lived south, next door.

Q. It would be south. We'll wait for the diagram to come back.

(Discussion off the record.)

DEPOSITION EXHIBIT 1

WAS MARKED BY THE REPORTER

FOR IDENTIFICATION.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Ms. Lawrence, I'm going to show you a diagram that's been marked number one. These are the lots we're talking about. Can you show me where the wooded area is where you're saying that there are woods behind the property line?

A. Well, I don't know how much further.

Q. That's all right. Just a rough estimation.

A. And this is all woods back here, and then the fence lines have all trees and bushes on it. They're [11] overgrown quite a bit. I can't even see through all along here.

Q. That's wooded area?

A. Yes. This is all fence line and this is all grown up and this is all grown up. This isn't. This isn't.

Q. What is that that you're drawing the line on?

A. Here? This is the barnyard. The barn is in here. The house sits up a little bit up here because we've got a backyard, and this is all trees and this is all trees. It's almost like all by ourselves.

Q. Do you have many trees on the property?

A. Yes. It's all in the front, orchard.

Q. And do they line the driveway onto the property?

A. Yes. They're dying though, getting old.

Q. So between two and three, this is a fence?

A. Yeah, there's a fence there and it's all overgrown. See, this is what we bought first. The people we bought it from owned this, also.

Q. So you bought lot one first, the barn and the house?

A. Yes. It's two pieces of property actually. It's this section and then this section.

Q. All right. Lot one, the barn and the house. [12] When did you buy lots two and three, approximately?

A. They put it up for sale – the township owned them and they put them up for sale in – gosh –

Q. As best you can remember.

A. Time goes so fast. I would say possibly 20 years ago because the township put them up. We bought them because we just would rather have it than to have somebody else there.

Q. So your father lives on the south side of you?

A. Yes.

Q. How far over is his home from you? Is there a lot between you –

A. No. He had three acres and he was next door.

Q. What is your dad's name?

A. Ernest T. Porter.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, do you own a tractor?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you own more than one?

A. Yes.

Q. How many tractors do you own?

A. Well, one big tractor and one medium-sized tractor.

Q. I'm going to show you a couple of photographs, three photographs. Is this one of the [13] tractors you own?

A. Yes.

Q. Are all of these the same tractor?

A. Yes.

Q. Can you mark these?

A. A blue tractor and a red tractor.

DEPOSITION EXHIBIT 2 THROUGH 4

WERE MARKED BY THE REPORTER

FOR IDENTIFICATION.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Mrs. Lawrence, this photograph has been marked Exhibit Number 3. It shows the blue Ford tractor. Who purchased that?

A. My father.

Q. And do you know approximately or when he purchased it?

A. Right after he moved out there, we both moved the same year, in about '67 because between us, we had so much property. He bought the tractors.

Q. So your father bought that tractor approximately 1967?

A. Let's say next summer, '68, because we moved in the late summer.

Q. Did your father use it on his property?

A. No. He used it on mine.

Q. So he bought it to use it on your property?

[14] A. Yes. Because he wanted to store horses there.

Q. All right. Did your father ever cut the grass?

A. No.

Q. Your husband used to though?

A. Yes.

Q. Did he buy it for you and your husband?

A. Well, he didn't buy it – he also used it to cut the field across from our business, and he stored it on his property. He stored both of them. But it was too big for a front yard. See, it has a bush hog on it. It's for fields and small trees and that you can cut right down.

Q. When you say he cut the fields by your business, where was your business?

A. In Wyandotte we have an empty field.

Q. And – and what was the field?

A. Star Screw Products.

Q. And how long did you have the business?

A. 50 years.

Q. Did you sell it?

A. No.

Q. Do you still have it?

A. Yes. My brother and I run it now.

[15] Q. What does the business do?

A. Manufactures screw machine products.

Q. Did your father store this on your property?

A. No, he had it on his. But when my father died, my brother and I divided up his, and we took the tractors because we had the property.

Q. When did your father pass away?

A. '87.

Q. This has been marked Exhibit Number 4. In addition to the blue tractor, the Ford tractor, there's a red tractor?

A. Yes.

Q. Who purchased the red tractor?

A. My dad.

Q. Do you know when?

A. Not offhand. That's the second one he's had.

Q. So he purchased it after the Ford tractor?

A. Yes, because he found that this was too big to do yards. But that's the second one, so that's quite a bit after.

Q. When Mr. Lawrence cut the fields, what tractor did he use?

A. Different ones, but he usually used this one.

Q. Mostly the blue one?

A. The little field, too, sometimes he'd use the [16] red one. One and two for the red. No. Wait a minute. This is two and three. I call the house one.

MR. BRYANT: Well, just use the numbers that are on there.

A. All right. One, the red tractor. Two and three, the blue because he usually let them get longer.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Mrs. Lawrence, how long would he let two and three grow before he would cut it; do you have any idea?

A. No, I don't.

Q. Do you have any idea how many times in the summer he would cut those fields?

A. No, because like I say, he'd cut a little bit at a time. I couldn't see him from the house and I worked and he'd go out. It was like I always thought it was perpetual. He was on a tractor almost every day doing some section. I know he wasn't.

MR. BRYANT: Wait a minute. She has to ask a question. Let her ask a question.

A. Okay.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) After your husband passed away, who cut the fields, one, two, and three?

A. Bob, my grandsons. I don't think – I don't know if three had been cut. I don't know. It's kind [17] of a blur.

Q. How many grandsons do you have, Mrs. Lawrence?

A. Well, I have four if you – I have two step grandsons and two grandsons.

Q. What are Gay's sons' names and ages?

A. Gay's? Tim and Bob.

Q. How old is Tim?

A. He's going to be 18 in June.

Q. And Bob?

A. He's going to be 12 in August.

Q. And Bob's sons?

A. Aaron and Adam.

Q. So the four boys and Bob would come over to the house?

A. Yeah, alternate, you know. They wouldn't all come at the same time. They would come.

Q. If Mr. Lawrence passed away in March of '93, we had the summer of '93 and '94 where Bob and the boys would come over to cut the fields?

A. Yeah.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, who kept the tractors in repair while your husband was alive?

A. My husband.

Q. He did the maintenance?

[18] A. Well, he did the small maintenance. We had service on them. They'd come and pick them up and take them in and service them almost every year.

Q. Do you know who serviced the tractors?

A. Yes. It's Carlton – Carlton something.

Q. Do you know where they were located?

A. In Carlton. We bought – that's where my dad bought the red tractor, and they would come and pick it up.

Q. Did Carlton continue to maintain the tractors after Mr. Lawrence passed away?

A. Yes.

Q. Do they still do the maintenance work?

A. Well, yeah. If I call anybody, that's who I call.

Q. When Bob and the grandsons would come over to the house, is it something that you asked them to do, to cut the fields?

A. They volunteered. I don't know that I ever asked them to come and cut my grass. They just automatically volunteered.

Q. Did they know it was something that you couldn't do?

A. Yes, and the boys had cut some. My husband had taught them to drive the tractors, and so they had [19] done some of it before, you know, for fun. But, no, Bob volunteered right off. My only stipulation was that he never let the boys come over by themselves, and then he's the one that got hurt.

MR. BRYANT: Wait until she asks the questions.

A. I know.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) After March of '93, did Bob and the boys come over to help you around the house, other maintenance?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you have a swimming pool?

A. Yes.

Q. Did they take care of the pool for you?

A. Not really. I do pretty much – if they come over, the would, you know, clean it once in a while. I did it sometimes. They filled the chemicals.

Q. Did they help you out with the garden?

A. No.

Q. Did they help you out inside of the house?

A. Anything I need them to do.

Q. Did you ask Bob to help you with different things around the house that you couldn't do?

A. I try not to ask. I try to hire anything done, but he volunteers. If he knows I need something [20] done, he'll do it.

Q. Do you let him do it when he volunteers?

A. Yes.

Q. What would you hire someone to do around the house for you?

A. Fix the eaves troughs and when they replaced outdoor faucets and let's see. What else? Put up a mailbox. Let's see. What else have I – put in a sump pump, things like that.

Q. What sort of things would Bob Hilger do for you?

A. Clean my garage, take my trash down to the road, mow. He's repaired my gate, changed the big light bulbs. I have flood lights, that sort of thing.

Q. When I refer to Bob, I'm talking about your son-in-law, Bob Hilger. If Bob didn't do these things for you, would you have to pay someone to come in and do them?

MR. BRYANT: Well, I guess you're talking generic and generalities, and we've been talking generalities here all morning. And I guess I haven't objected, but I don't now what you're talking about when you talk about these things.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) All right. If Bob didn't mow the lawn for you, would you have to pay someone to

[21] do it?

A. Definitely.

Q. If Bob didn't repair the gate, would you have to pay someone to come in and do it?

A. Yeah. I don't do that and there's nobody else.

Q. If Bob didn't change the flood lights, would you have to –

A. Well, the grandsons have done that, too.

Q. If Bob or the grandsons didn't do it, you would have to pay someone to come out and do it?

A. Yes.

Q. These are all things that Bob did and you appreciated it?

A. Yes.

Q. Did Bob have a set of keys to your house?

A. Yes.

Q. Did he have a set of keys to the tractors?

A. Well, he knows where they are.

Q. He knows where you kept the keys to the tractors?

A. Yes.

Q. Did Bob always call you ahead of time when he would come over?

A. No.

[22] Q. Did he ask you ahead of time before coming over to cut the fields? Did he tell you, I'm coming over to cut the fields?

A. Sometimes.

Q. If the fields needed to be cut, Bob could just come over, get into the stable, get the tractor and cut the fields?

A. Yes.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, is there a woodpile on any one of these fields?

A. There's wood, yes. There's wood piled everywhere.

Q. Is there a woodpile – let's start with lot number three. Is there a woodpile anywhere on lot number three?

A. Yeah, along the back.

Q. You're indicating the wooded area alone the property line?

A. Yes. There's wood branches that were trimmed from trees and that –

Q. A refuse pile?

A. Yeah.

Q. The branches and things that are piled up there, are they branches that were picked up from the lot and piled in the back? Where did the branches [23] come from?

A. Trimming trees and what have you.

Q. Who piled the branches up back there?

A. My husband.

Q. Did Mr. Lawrence ever cut any trees down on any of the lots?

A. No. We've hired trees cut.

Q. So do you know when the trees – what lots were trees cut down on; do you remember?

A. Around the house, a couple.

Q. So you hired a landscape company to come in?

A. A tree cutting company because they were close to the house.

Q. Do you know what they did with the logs?

A. They chopped them up and took them away.

Q. Is there a refuse pile or a woodpile on any one of the other lots?

A. Oh, yeah. This junk piled –

Q. In number three? Okay.

A. Along here, there's bushes and things.

Q. Did anyone else pile anything up on there other than Mr. Lawrence?

A. Possibly.

Q. If you know.

A. I wouldn't know.

[24] Q. Did Mr. Lawrence remove any brush or bushes from any of the fields?

A. Remove them? No. He was going to get a mulcher. He even looked into it and mulched up everything, but he didn't get it.

Q. Did Mr. Lawrence ever stack wood or logs on the back behind the tractor and drag it back to the pile, branches, logs, brush?

A. He had a little trailer.

Q. Did he put things like that in the trailer and –

A. Yes.

Q. And then – which lot?

A. It would be three, to the back.

Q. So if he went – is this the opening to three?

A. Yes. There's an opening there and here.

Q. If he went through either opening, he would go to the back of the lot and put it back against the line?

A. Yes.

MR. BRYANT: The back of the lot, you're talking about the east end of the field, correct?

A. Yes.

[25] Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) The wooded area?

A. Yes.

Q. Did Robert ever cut any of your fields while Mr. Lawrence was alive?

A. No.

Q. Did any of the grandsons do it?

A. Yeah. They would help. Well, my husband would teach them how to, you know. They didn't really come by themselves.

Q. But Robert didn't cut any of one, two or three until after Mr. Lawrence had passed away?

A. Well, he didn't marry my daughter until about three to four years ago so I think – now, I'm trying to think. Maybe about a year before my husband died is all.

Q. So approximately 1992 they would have married?

A. I can't remember when they got married.

Q. All right. So –

A. I think so.

Q. So Bob Hilger would not have cut these fields before 1993?

A. No.

Q. Did you ever offer to pay Bob for cutting the fields?

[26] A. No.

Q. Did he ever ask for any pay?

A. No.

Q. Do you and your brother still have the property to the south side of your home?

A. No. It's been sold a couple of times.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, did you and Bob ever discuss his taking over any responsibilities around your house such as cutting the fields? Did you ever have a discussion with him about it or was there just an understanding that it would be done?

A. Well, like I said, mostly, the boys did it. He'd come with them and he'd cut once in a while I guess. But no, it was just that the boys would do it.

Q. Did you ever ask – was there ever a discussion that this was a responsibility they would take over for you?

A. Yes, the boys.

Q. You talked to the boys about taking over this responsibility?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you know who you spoke with?

A. Probably all of them that I'd need help for it, you know, that they'd have to help me.

Q. Do you remember when this discussion [27] occurred?

A. Probably that first summer.

Q. 1993?

A. '93.

Q. Was Robert present during the discussion?

A. Oh, I don't remember.

Q. Was it with all four grandsons?

A. I think it was the three oldest anyhow. The other one was a little young. He doesn't drive the tractor.

Q. So when you talked to the three oldest grandsons, you indicated you would need help around the house and that mowing the fields would be part of what you needed help with?

A. Yes.

Q. And they agreed to help you out?

A. Yes.

Q. If the boys agreed to do this, how did Robert get involved?

A. Well, he would have to go with them. He'd have to be there because they would usually do it while I was at work, and the boys then got jobs and they weren't always all available at the same time. So he would come with one and usually they'd each drive a tractor.

[28] Q. When you say he, you're talking about Robert?

A. Yes.

Q. Prior to August 15th of 1994, did you ever tell Robert about the woodpile along the east end of your property in lot three?

A. No. I mean – no.

Q. After August 15th of 1994, did you and Robert ever discuss the woodpile? Did you tell him about the woodpile back there?

MR. BRYANT: Are you still talking about the one at the east end of lot number three?

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) I'm sorry. Lot number three?

A. I don't know that he did. I hadn't even been out there to see it.

Q. Never?

A. Oh, years ago, but that's a long walk through the tall weeds.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, did you know that Robert was going to come over on August 15th to cut your fields?

A. No.

Q. Where were you?

A. I was out of town for about – I don't know if I was gone three or four days.

[29] Q. Do you remember the fields being long, the back field being long?

A. Yes. Yes.

Q. So it would require cutting?

MR. BRYANT: Well, I'll object to that.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) You remember number three being long, field number three?

A. I imagine.

Q. Do you remember if Robert cut number three at all during the summer of 1994, prior to August 15th?

A. See, I can't see that field.

MR. BRYANT: Just answer the question.

A. Well, I can't see it, so I never –

MR. BRYANT: Well, if you know, answer the question. She didn't ask you if you could see it. She asked you what you knew.

A. No.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Do you know if Robert cut field number two during the summer of 1994 prior to August 15th?

A. I don't know if Robert did, but somebody did.

Q. Do you have any idea how many times it may have been cut?

[30] A. It was cut about once a month.

Q. What about field number one, number one, the area of the house and the stable?

A. About every two weeks.

Q. Do you know who cut that?

A. The boys.

Q. Did Robert ever cut it during the summer of '94?

A. He might have.

Q. All right. Mrs. Lawrence, when did you learn of the accident of August 15th of 1994?

A. My daughter called me at work where I was staying and told me.

Q. And what did she tell you?

A. That she was in the hospital, that he had been hurt from the tractor.

Q. And did you come home or did you stay where you were?

A. No, I stayed where I was and I stopped and saw him on my way home at the hospital.

Q. Did Gay tell you how he was hurt on the tractor, what had happened?

A. Something about I think he hit a log and almost tipped over, but he caught his leg and he was hanging by his leg.

[31] Q. Did she tell you in what field this happened?

A. Behind the barn, yes.

Q. Which would be field number?

A. Three.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, who is Hank, is it Prutikis (phonetic)?

A. Hank. I don't know how to pronounce his last name.

Q. Who is he?

A. He's the neighbor that lives on the ten acres next to us.

Q. Which side?

A. This side, north.

Q. How long has Hank lived there?

A. Maybe –

Q. If you know, approximately.

A. I don't know. I don't know.

Q. Have you ever spoken to Hank about August 15th, 1994?

A. Yes.

Q. What did Hank tell you?

A. Basically, he told me that he was working in his garden. He sells vegetables and he was working in his garden and he heard the tractor, so he knew somebody was working over there, and then all of a [32] sudden he heard yelling. So he figured – he has a tractor like it, and he figured that something happened with the tractor. So he said he jumped on his tractor and went around and told his wife to call 911, and he was looking for him and he came up our property and went where he could hear him yelling, and he said he was just dangling, hanging there by his leg.

Q. Did Hank tell you whether he rendered any aid to Robert?

A. Well, he took him down and laid him down.

Q. Did Hank indicate that the tractor had stopped in front of a tree?

A. No, he never mentioned it.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, have you ever spoken to Robert with regard to what happened on August 15th of 1994?

A. Oh, he described what happened.

Q. What did he describe about the incident?

A. About the same thing. He says he was just going and all of a sudden he hit this log.

Q. Did he ever take you out to the field to show you?

A. Yes.

Q. You have seen the area where Robert hit the log?

[33] A. Yes.

Q. Have you seen the log?

A. Yes.

Q. Is the log still there?

A. Yes.

Q. Has anyone moved it?

A. No.

Q. Is that the first time you saw the log?

A. Yes.

Q. Now, you indicated you were out of town and you came back and you went to the hospital to see Robert?

A. Yes.

Q. What hospital was he in?

A. Seaway in Trenton.

Q. Do you know how long he was there?

A. Oh, gosh, it seems to me he was in there about a week.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, when you went to see him at Seaway, did he tell you the extent of his injury?

A. In Seaway?

Q. Yes.

A. He was groggy. I did not talk to him. I did not stay long. I just went in to see how he was doing, but he was real groggy.

[34] Q. Did Gay talk to you at the hospital?

A. I imagine she did.

Q. What was your understanding of his injury at that time?

A. The doctor that looked at him said it was the second worst –

MR. BRYANT: She just asked you what the injury was.

A. Crushed bones.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Crushed bones where?

A. All in his leg.

Q. Do you know which leg?

A. Left leg I think.

Q. Is that the extent of your understanding of the injury?

A. Well, I think there was nerve damage.

Q. Anything else you can think of?

A. I don't know.

Q. Okay. That's all right. Has Robert or Gay indicated to you that he, that Robert, may require bypass surgery on that leg?

MR. BRYANT: Well, I'm going to object as to what may have been indicated to her. It's immaterial and irrelevant.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Did you see Robert while he [35] was confined to a wheelchair?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you know how long he was confined to a wheelchair?

A. No.

Q. Was it following his discharge from Seaway Hospital?

A. Yes.

Q. Did you see Robert while he was on crutches?

A. Yes.

Q. Was that following the confinement to a wheelchair?

A. No, I think he had a walker first.

Q. Okay. Did you see him with that?

A. Yeah.

Q. Do you know if he's still treating with any physicians?

A. Oh, yeah.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, did you ever go out to your fields two and three and ever walk around, look around your fields in the summer of '94?

A. Oh, in '94? No.

Q. When did you go out to field number two to walk around?

A. Last year. I was looking for something.

[36] Q. Did you ever go out to field number three and look around?

A. No.

Q. Is there anything that prevented you from going out to field number three and looking around in 1994?

A. Yeah. Usually high grass, but also, I think there are coyotes back there and I really don't want to go back there.

Q. That's in field number three?

A. Yes. I think they've got a den back there.

Q. I'm sorry?

A. I think they've got a den back there.

Q. Of coyotes?

A. Yes.

Q. All right. Other than the coyotes back there, is there anything that prevented you from going back to number three?

A. Nothing prevented me, but nothing made me want to go either. That's a long walk.

MR. BRYANT: She hasn't asked you a question.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) All right. How far of a walk from the house is field number three?

A. It's too far for me. I can't even walk to [37] the road.

Q. Since August 15th of 1994, who has cut fields number one, two, and three for you?

A. The boys.

Q. The grandsons?

A. Yes.

Q. No one else has cut those fields?

A. Not those fields.

Q. Has anyone cut anything else?

A. My backyard.

Q. Which would be behind the house?

A. Behind the house and the immediate front yard, like up to here.

Q. Which is part of lot number one?

A. Yes.

Q. Who cut that for you?

A. My nephew. He has a lawn service. He's always done it, even when my husband was alive.

Q. Do you pay him for that?

A. Yes.

Q. Does your nephew cut number two?

A. No, never.

Q. Does he cut number three?

A. No.

Q. Prior to August of 1994, were you aware of [38] any condition in lots number one, two, or three that could have resulted in injury to anyone?

MR. BRYANT: Well, I'm going to object to the form of the question. You're talking about any conditions. I'm not sure whether stones out there that somebody can trip over or what you're talking about.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) All right. In the summer of 1994 prior to August 15th, were you aware of any logs, stones or rocks in field number three that anyone could have –

A. Well, I knew there was something back there. There was, you know, junk piled back there, but no specific –

Q. Did you ever tell Robert about the junk piled up back in lot number three?

A. No. I figured he could see it.

Q. And when you say junk, are you referring to –

A. The pile of brush.

Q. Along the fence line?

A. Yeah, along the fence lines.

MR. BRYANT: You're indicating on the eastside of lot number three; is that correct?

A. Yeah. That's where the pile of brush is.

[39] Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Mrs. Lawrence, do you still own the two tractors that are in Exhibit 2, 3 and 4?

A. Yes.

Q. Since the growing season has not started yet for 1996, is the grass short in lots one, two, and three?

A. Yes. Well, I don't know about three. But it's not bad here.

Q. You don't go back to number three?

A. No.

Q. Mrs. Lawrence, since you've resided at this address, has anyone sustained any injury on your property other than Robert?

A. No.

Q. Have you ever made a claim – have you ever made a claim with your insurance company for any injury on the property?

A. Injuries? No.

Q. Who was your insurance carrier on August 15th, 1994 for the property?

A. Auto Owners.

Q. Do they still insure you?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you know the policy – what the policy limits were on the policy in effect on August 15th of [40] 1994?

A. Not really. I just keep renewing it every year and I don't pay that much attention. A hundred thousand maybe.

Q. Is there a deductible on that policy or was there a deductible on that policy?

A. I think there was when I got my fence – I've had my fence knocked down a couple times by cars, and I think there was a deductible of $100.

Q. After August 15th of 1994, how did Auto Owners become aware of Robert's injury?

A. Well, I called.

Q. When did you call them; do you recall?

A. No.

Q. Do you know who you spoke with?

A. Well, I called my agent.

Q. And who is your agent?

A. Mike Barnid at A.W. Smith Agency.

Q. Where is that located?

A. In Wyandotte.

Q. And what did you tell Mr. Barnid?

A. That my son-in-law has been hurt, and if there was anything, you know, that would cover him for insurance.

Q. What did Mr. Barnid tell you?

[41] A. He had what do they call – an adjuster call me, and he told me, yes, that he could get some medical.

Q. Do you know who the adjuster was?

A. I know it starts with Olinski – or – he's out in Wyandotte.

Q. So you were basically interested at that time in getting some medical payments for Mr. Hilger's injuries?

A. Yes.

Q. Did the adjuster tell you that that was possible?

A. Yes.

Q. Did he ask you – what did he ask you about the accident, the adjuster?

A. Well, what I knew of how it happened, and I told him the same thing that I told you.

Q. And do you remember what you told him?

A. He was riding the tractor and hit a log and knocked him off or not off but –

Q. Has anyone from your insurance company come out to look at your property following the incident of August 15th, 1994?

A. Not that I know of. They could do it, though, if I'm not home.

[42] Q. So you don't know whether anyone has come out?

A. No.

Q. Did anyone you for a statement with regard to the incident, the insurance company?

A. Nothing more than just talking to the adjuster.

Q. Do you know – if any medical bills have been submitted to your insurance company with regard to Robert?

A. No, I don't think they submitted any to my insurance company.

Q. Do you know if your insurance company has paid any medical bills?

A. Yes, I think they did pay the limit on the medical, a thousand.

Q. For Robert's medical bills?

A. Yes.

Q. How many times have you met with Mr. Bryant with regard to this matter?

A. This is the first time I've ever met him.

Q. And how long did you speak with Mr. Bryant?

A. When?

Q. This morning.

A. Oh, this morning? Ten minutes.

[43] Q. He's a very nice man.

MR. BRYANT: Did you get that?

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Okay. Have you had any other conversations with your insurance adjuster – your insurance agent since last, what, last summer, last fall you spoke to him about this?

A. My agent might have asked me how Bob was doing because he's been my agent for a long time, but no, nothing specific. I just tell him that Bob's still doctoring.

Q. Before August of 1994, did Bob and Gay visit you often on Grosse Ile?

A. No.

Q. How often would you see them?

A. I don't know.

Q. Approximately?

A. They went together all summer. That's all. You mean before they got married or after?

Q. No, before the injury, after they were married.

A. Oh. Not very often. My daughter works and on the weekends, she's pretty busy.

Q. You see her once a week?

A. No. I don't think they'd come even that often. It was during the winter, see. They got [44] married –

Q. In 1992?

A. I think so, in December. So they probably – I don't know. Can you sit and tell –

MR. BRYANT: If you don't know, just tell her you don't know. She'll ask the next question.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Do you know how often you saw your grandsons?

MR. BRYANT: When?

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Between 1992 through 1994, August of 1994.

A. No, I don't know.

Q. Would you see them for holidays?

A. Yes. I saw them often. They came over to go swimming a lot and my youngest grandson stays with me every weekend now.

Q. Your youngest being?

A. Bobby.

Q. How does he get to your home?

A. I pick him up.

Q. Do you ever do – did you ever take part in social activities with Robert and Gay prior to August of 1994? Do you go to family weddings or –

A. Oh, I'm sure, yes.

[45] Q. Go out to dinner?

A. Oh, yeah.

Q. Do the grandsons take part in any sport activities?

A. Sports?

Q. Do they play any sports?

A. I think so.

Q. Any leagues, baseball, soccer?

A. I think Adam is wrestling right now. He used to play football.

Q. Were these events where you would go watch them?

A. No. That's why I don't know.

Q. Since August 15th, 1994, have you observed any changes in Robert?

MR. BRYANT: Well, I guess I'm going to –

Q.(BY MS. PETRIK) Physical changes in Robert?

MR. BRYANT: Meaning he's got a broken leg?

A. He's crippled.

MR. BRYANT: We'll stipulate to that.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Anything else? Has his demeanor changed at all, his personality?

[46] MR. BRYANT: Well, I'm going to object to this. That's purely subjective.

A. Yeah, I don't know that it has.

MR. BRYANT: Object to the form of the question.

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) How many times have you spoken to Robert about the incident of August 1994?

A. Not many.

Q. By not many, approximately?

A. All told, about the incident itself, probably just that one time after he came back from the hospital and took me out there and showed it. We haven't discussed the actual incident. I ask him how his leg is doing and he tells me when he goes to the doctor.

Q. Does Robert still come over to the house with your grandsons to do things around the house for you?

A. Yes. Sometimes the boys come by themselves when I've home.

Q. Do the boys do the things for you now that they did for you before 1994, August?

A. Yeah.

Q. What does Robert do for you now?

A. Pick up my paper. Nothing in – he changed the light bulbs in the big lights the other day.

[47] Q. Anything else?

A. Well, no. He'd do what he could do, but I don't know.

Q. Do you know if Robert has returned to work?

A. No, he hasn't.

Q. Has the incident of August 15th, 1994 affected your relationship with Gay and Robert?

A. No.

Q. Prior to August 1994, do you ever see Robert do things with the boys such as play ball?

A. Yeah. He used to play catch with them once in a while and I think he used to coach little league, but that was before my daughter married him.

Q. Since August of 1994, have you seen Robert play catch with the boys?

A. No.

Q. Do you know if he coaches little league anymore?

A. No, he doesn't.

Q. Does your daughter, Gay, work full-time?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you know where she works?

A. Detroit Economic Growth Corporation.

Q. Has Gay expressed any concerns about Robert's inability to return to work?

[48] A. Well, yeah, of course she's concerned.

Q. And what has she said to you?

A. She's afraid that he may never be able to work again.

Q. Is that as a result of the injury?

A. Yes.

Q. By the injury, I mean the injury of August 19th.

A. Yes.

MS. PETRIK: Can I take just a moment?

MR. BRYANT: Sure.

(Discussion off the record.)

Q. (BY MS. PETRIK) Mrs. Lawrence, if you know, if today you were to go out to lot number three, would you be able to see the log lying there?

A. I have not been out there since '94. I don't know. I've not been out there to look at the log is what I mean.

MS. PETRIK: I don't think I have anything else, Mrs. Lawrence. Thank you.

MR. BRYANT: No questions.

(The deposition was concluded at 11:30 a.m. Signature of the witness was not requested by counsel for the respective parties hereto.)

[49] CERTIFICATE OF NOTARY

STATE OF MICHIGAN)
) SS
COUNTY OF MACOMB)

I, Gail R. McLeod, Certified Shorthand Reporter, a Notary Public in and for the above county and state, do hereby certify that the above deposition was taken before me at the time and place hereinbefore set fourth; that the witness was by me first duly sworn to testify to the truth,

and nothing but the truth, that the foregoing questions asked and answers mad by the witness were duly recorded by me stenographically and reduced to computer transcription; that this is a true, full and correct transcript of my stenographic notes so taken; and that I am not related to, nor of counsel to either party nor interested in the event of this cause.

/s/ Gail R. McLead
Gail R. McLeod
RPR, CSR 2901, Notary Public,
Macomb County, Michigan

My Commission expires: May 24, 1997

[50] INDEX TO EXAMINATIONS

Witness Page

EDITH LAWRENCE

EXAMINATION BY MS. PETRIK: 3

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Page

(Exhibits attached to transcript)

DEPOSITION EXHIBIT 1..... 10

DEPOSITION EXHIBIT 2 THROUGH 4..... 13

STATE OF MICHIGAN

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT
FOR THE COUNTY OF WAYNE

ROBERT G. HILGER and GAY E. HILGER, Plaintiffs,	)	
vs	)	Civil Action
EDITH LAWRENCE, Defendant.	)	No. 95 528 053 NI

The Deposition of ROBERT G. HILGER, taken before me, Ethel M. Martin, OSR-2591 a Notary Public, within and for the County of Wayne, State of Michigan, at 1718 Buhl Building, Detroit, Michigan, on Monday, February 26, 1996.

APPEARANCES:

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Appearing on behalf of Plaintiffs,
KOHL, SECREST, WARDLE,
LYNCH, CLARK & HAMPTON
30903 Northwestern Highway
Farmington Hills, Michigan 48333
(By Randall D. Bryant, Esq.)
Appearing on behalf of Defendant.

[2] WITNESS INDEX

Witness Examined by		Page
Robert G. Hilger	Mr. Bryant	3

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description	Page
1	Diagram drawn by witness	16
2	Photograph	19
3	Photograph	28
4	Photograph	37
5	Photograph	38
6	through 15 Photograph	77

[3] Detroit, Michigan
Monday, February 26, 1996
10:09 a.m.

ROBERT G. HILGER

was thereupon called as a witness herein and, after having been first duly sworn to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, was examined and testified as follows:

MR. BRYANT: Let the record reflect that this is a discovery deposition being taken pursuant to notice and agreement of counsel and may be used as provided under the Michigan Court Rules and statutes.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: State your name for the record, please.

A: Robert Gregory Hilger, H-i-l-g-e-r.

Q: What is your address?

A: 3135 Patton, P-a-t-t-o-n, Trenton, Michigan, 48183.

Q: How long have you lived at that address?

A: Approximately four and a half years.

Q: With whom do you live there?

A: My wife.

Q: What is her first name?

[4] A: Gay, G-a-y.

Q: When were you married to Gay?

A: December first, 1991.

Q: Did you have any other marriages?

A: Yes.

Q: How many other marriages?

A: One.

Q: When were you married to your prior wife?

A: November 11 –

Q: Approximately.

A: 1971, I believe.

Q: How did that marriage end?

A: Divorce.

Q: When were you divorced?

A: The exact date is unknown.

Q: What year?

A: Approximately 1989.

Q: Okay. What was your first wife's name?

A: My first wife's name was Judy.

Q: Were there any children born from the marriage with Judy?

A: Yes.

Q: How many?

A: One girl, two boys.

Q: What are their ages?

[5] A: At this time my daughter is 21, my first son is 19 my second son is 17.

Q: Do any of them live with you?

A: One son.

Q: Which one?

A: The 17-year-old.

Q: What is his name?

A: Adam.

Q: Your daughter and your other son, ages 21 and 19, they are no longer at your house?

A: True.

Q: What about your wife Gay, did she have any children that are living with you at the present time?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: How many of Gay's children live with you now?

A: Two.

Q: What are their names and ages?

A: Timothy, age 17, Robert, age 11.

Q: Does anybody else live with you at the Patton address, other than Gay, Adam, Tim and Robert?

A: No, sir.

Q: What was Gay's maiden name?

A: Gay's maiden name was Thibault, T-h-i-b-a-u-l-t.

Q: How old are you, sir?

A: Forty-seven years old.

[6] Q: Your date of birth?

A: 10-30-48.

Q: What is your educational background?

A: One year of college.

Q: Where did you go to college?

A: Northwestern Michigan College.

Q: Approximately when was that, when you did your one year of college?

A: 1972.

Q: Are you employed at the present time?

A: Yes, sir, I am. I'm on disability leave, though.

Q: Where are you on disability leave from?

A: Pinkerton Security Service.

Q: When did you start working at Pinkerton?

A: August 1st, 1993.

Q: What did you do for Pinkerton, when you worked there?

A: Plant security.

Q: Where did you actually work in plant security, what plant?

A: General Motors Power Train, Ecorse Road, 36880, Wayne, Michigan.

Q: Have you been on medical disability, then, from August 15, 1994 up until the present time?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: You have never worked, at all, since August 15 of [7] 1994, with Pinkerton or anybody else?

A: No, sir.

Q: Where did you work before Pinkerton?

A: General Motors.

Q: Whereabout?

A: Same location.

Q: G.M. Power Train?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: What did you do for General Motors before you left?

A: Plant security.

Q: How long did you work for G.M.?

A: 10-10-73, was my hire-in date.

Q: When did you leave G.M.?

A: August 1st, 1993, we were sold to Pinkerton.

Q: Who was sold to Pinkerton?

A: General Motors sold their security services. They out-sourced * * * * it to Pinkerton.

Q: That's when you went from General Motors to Pinkerton?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: So, you were with Pinkerton about a year before this accident, is that about right?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: We're here today as a result of an incident you were involved in on August 15, 1994. Do you recall that [8] incident?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: What day of the week was that?

A: I believe it was a Sunday, if I'm not mistaken.

Q: What time of day did this accident happen?

A: Approximately one p.m.

Q: This accident happened, I guess, at the property of Edith Lawrence; is that correct?

A: Yes, it is.

Q: Are you related to Edith Lawrence?

A: Son-in-law.

Q: Is Gay her daughter?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: What time had you arrived over at Ms. Lawrence's place on Sunday, August 15, 1994?

A: Approximately 12:30, around that time.

Q: Why did you go over to Mrs. Lawrence's house at that time?

A: To cut weeds in her field.

Q: Did she request that you come over on Sunday and cut those weeds?

A: No, sir.

Q: Why were you doing it?

A: We took over the responsibility of all maintenance on her property, when her husband died. Myself and the [9] teenagers were responsible for cutting the

fields and the grass and keeping the maintenance up that she couldn't do without her paying to have it done.

Q: You say you were responsible. How did you get this responsibility that you talk about?

A: We kind of took over the responsibility. We saw that she needed it done. Things that needed to be done, we tried to do for her, to keep up her property.

Q: She didn't request that you do this, you just took it upon yourselves?

A: Yes. We took it upon ourselves.

Q: You and the boys were taking care of cutting the lawn, cutting the weeds, this type of thing; right?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: How long had you been cutting the lawn and cutting the weeds for Ms. Lawrence?

A: Since her husband died, which is approximately – I'm not very good on dates, but I believe he died a year after we were married. So, it would be somewhere in 1992, we took over the responsibility of taking care of things at her house, on her property.

Q: When you say "we", who are you talking about?

A: The teenagers, our family.

Q: Is that the three boys, Adam, Tim and Robert?

A: Not Robert. He was too young to help. But Tim and [10] Adam and myself.

Q: When you say taken over the responsibility for this property, what did you do when you took over this responsibility?

A: Different things. Changed light bulbs, cut the grass, took care of the pool, things that needed to be done that she couldn't do.

Q: That, I understand. I'm just trying to figure out what things you did that she couldn't do, when you started to care for these things.

You cut the grass, cared for the pool, changed light bulbs?

A: Changed light bulbs, changed fuses, did repair on the tractor, changed the floodlights in her parking area that she has on her property, different maintenance things, different personal things, like gardening and helping her plant her gardens, and just miscellaneous odds and ends that needed to be done, that she depended on her husband to do, and now everything was falling on her.

Q: So, you had been cutting the grass over there at Mrs. Lawrence's place for at least a couple of years before this incident occurred?

A: Since her husband died.

Q: You indicated he died in 1992. The accident happened in [11] August of '94. So, is that approximately two years, two seasons, maybe, that you would [sic] been cutting grass over at her place, actually three seasons, the '92 season, the '93 season and the '94 season?

A: Yes, I would assume so, yes. We took over the responsibility, since her husband had passed away. It was in 1992 that he passed away. We took of care [sic] everything that needed to be done.

Q: Is my statement correct that you had been doing the yard work over there and helping out the summer of 1992, the summer of 1993 and the summer of 1994?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Part of these duties would be to cut the grass those three summers?

A: Yes.

Q: You were riding a tractor at the time this incident occurred, a Ford tractor of some kind?

A: Yes.

Q: How do you describe this tractor, other than a Ford tractor. Is there any other way to describe the tractor?

A: It was an older Ford tractor. I don't remember the model number. There is a model number on it but it was an older model. It was a large Ford tractor, farm type tractor.

[12] Q: Does that tractor belong to Mrs. Lawrence?

A: Yes, sir, it does.

Q: Had you been driving that tractor the summer of '92 '93 and '94 when you did yard work over at Mrs. Lawrence's place?

A: Most of the time.

Q: The time of the accident was not the first time you would rode [sic] that tractor?

A: No, sir.

Q: Approximately how many times had you ridden that tractor, from 1992 through 1994?

A: Approximately three to five times.

Q: Those three to five times that you rode the tractor, from '92 through 1994, what did you do on those occasions?

A: I don't understand what you just said.

Q: You indicated you rode the tractor three to five times, maybe, between the summer of 1992 and the summer of 1994.

What did you do on those three to five occasions that you drove this Ford tractor, before the accident of August 15, 1994?

A: Cut the fields that needed to be cut. That was the only reason for that tractor's use.

Q: This Ford tractor you were using at the time of the [13] incident was used only to cut the weeds in the fields around Mrs. Lawrence's property?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Approximately how many acres did she have there?

A: I'm not really sure of the amount of acreage. I know there are three fields, plus the home. I have heard remarks – this is hearsay – but I heard she has an total of ten acres over there.

Q: She has three fields around her property out there that grew up in weeds and you used the tractor to cut these weeds?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: When did you first cut these three fields of weeds?

Did you first do it back in 1992?

A: The summer of 1992, we started the maintenance duty as far as when the weeds needed to be cut. There was only two people that felt comfortable driving that tractor, and I was one of them.

Q: Did you then cut these fields of weeds back in 1992, using this Ford tractor?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: How many times did you cut these fields of weeds back in 1992?

A: When needed.

Q: How many times was that?

[14] A: That's unknown. Approximately every two to three weeks, these fields needed to be cut. It depended on the growth and how high they were.

Q: I'm trying to relate to just my yard. In my yard, I will generally mow it once a week during the summertime. I'll probably mow it once a week from May to September, something like that. I don't know how many weeks that is, but I could calculate that out.

I'm trying to get some basis of how many times you would mow these fields of weeds back in 1992, during

the summer season, the weed season or grass season or whatever we're talking about.

A: I can't give you an answer to that. The only thing that I can say is that we cut the fields when the grass needed to be cut. It wasn't on any type of schedule or any type of maintenance period. If it looked like it needed to be cut, we would then cut the grass.

Q: Would you cut it, on an average, three times during the summer season, the wheat season, the grass season?

A: On an average, I would say three to four times, I'm not really sure, though.

Q: So, you would guess that maybe in 1992, when you [15] first started mowing the weeds for Mrs. Lawrence, that you probably cut these three fields of weeds at Mrs. Lawrence's place three or four times, using that tractor?

A: Yes, sir; approximately.

Q: The same is true in 1993, you probably cut the weeds, using the Ford tractor, approximately three or four times during the summer?

A: Approximately.

Q: 1994, when the accident happened in August, was this maybe the fourth time you had cut the weeds during the summer of 1994?

A: Of the three fields that she has, two of the fields are cut on an average of three to four times during the growing season. The field that the accident occurred on, it's only cut once or twice during the growing season.

Q: Let's back up, then. For the summer of 1992, did you cut this particular field where the accident occurred once or twice during the growing season?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: The same in 1993, you cut it once or twice?

A: I have only cut that field, between 1992 and when the accident occurred, approximately two to three times.

Q: Total?

[16] A: Total.

Q: Why the distinction between the field where the accident happened and the other two fields? Which got cut more often?

A: The field where the accident occurred, you could not see from the road. It was less a priority than the other two fields, which were visible from the road and needed to look trim and neat.

Q: How many times have you cut this field where the accident occurred during 1994, before the accident happened?

A: I don't believe I cut it at all that year. When the accident occurred is the first time that I was going to cut that field.

Q: I would like to give you a piece of paper here, and if you could draw me a layout of Mrs. Lawrence's property, roughly showing me the fields that were [sic]

are talking about, the property where the house is, and eventually I am going to want you to put in the field where the incident occurred.

(Deposition Exhibit One, a diagram, was marked for identification.)

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: You have drawn me a rough diagram here which I have [17] had the court reporter mark as Deposition Exhibit Number one.

What roadway is this that we're talking about here?

A: Meridian. That's the main roadway on Grosse Ile.

Q: You put the location of the house and you have "barn" written here.

Those are the areas where the house and barn are located?

A: Yes.

Q: You have "tree line" written here?

A: She's got apple trees that come all the way down to the road on both sides of the driveway.

Q: The driveway goes out to Meridian Road and the trees line the driveway?

A: Right.

Q: You have the three other squares here, number one, two and three. I assume those are the three fields that have the weeds in them and that you cut?

A: Yes.

Q: The field number three where you have drawn an X, that's approximately the location of where the incident occurred?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Which is north, south, east and west on here?

[18] A: This is east, this is west, north and south.

(A recess was held.)

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: Had you driven this tractor before in 1994, mowing lots one and two, before the accident of August of 1994?

A: Occasionally.

Q: How many times would you say you had used the tractor in mowing lots in 1994, before the accident of August 15, 1994?

A: Maybe once.

Q: When would that have been, approximately, in relation to the accident of August, 19 1994?

A: The beginning of the growing season.

Q: Around May?

A: I'm not really sure of the exact date or month. The blue tractor, which is the large tractor, was only driven by myself and my wife's son. So, we took turns cutting the fields. So, I might have cut the other two fields maybe once.

Q: In 1994?

A: In 1994.

Q: That was before August of 1994; correct?

A: Yes, sir.

[19] (Deposition Exhibit Number 2, a photograph, was marked for identification.)

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: I have some photographs here that have been provided by your attorney. I am going to show you a photograph marked as Exhibit Two.

You are talking about the blue tractor. Is that the blue Ford tractor that you were talking about that you were riding at the time of this incident?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: That's the same blue Ford tractor that you had used on the two or three prior occasions when you mowed lot number three, before the accident of August of 1994?

A: The amount of times that I have used that on lot number three is unknown. Approximately one time during 1994, I used that. I take that back. That is not correct. August 15th of 1994 is the first time that I used that tractor on lot number three. The other two fields, I might have used it once or twice during that year.

Q: You used it once or twice in 1994, before August 15th of 1994?

[20] A: On lots one and two; yes, sir.

Q: You are familiar with that tractor because you had been driving it at least since 1992?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: There was nothing strange about the tractor, you knew how to operate it?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: You had used it on several occasions, and we're talking about two or three times a summer, to mow the weeds, at least in lots numbers one and two; is that correct?

A: Approximately a couple of times, yes, sir, I have used that tractor.

Q: Only you, and you say Tim used that tractor?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: When you said earlier that you made repairs to the tractor, is that the tractor you would make repairs to?

A: She's got two tractors. That tractor and a smaller International type, that is used on cutting the fields and the grass on her property. I have changed spark plugs in that, minor repairs.

Q: So, you arrived over at Mrs. Lawrence's place around 12:30 on August 15, 1994, I believe you indicated?

A: Approximately 12:30.

[21] Q: The accident happened at about one o'clock, you say?

A: I believe that is the correct time, yes.

Q: Between the time you had arrived over at Mrs. Lawrence's place until the time of the accident, what did you do?

A: Could you please repeat that?

Q: You indicated that you arrived at Mrs. Lawrence's around 12:30. The accident happened at around one o'clock.

What did you do from the time you arrived at Mrs. Lawrence's up until the time of the accident?

A: I started to cut the field.

Q: Which field?

A: Field number three, where the accident occurred.

Q: What was the first thing you did when you arrived at Mrs. Lawrence's house?

A: Dropped off my son at her house, gave him the key to get in.

Q: At whose home?

A: At my mother-in-law's home.

Q: Mrs. Lawrence?

A: Mrs. Lawrence. I walked out to the barn, started the tractor and commenced cutting the field.

Q: You walked out to the bar [sic] in photograph Number Two, [22] Exhibit Number Two?

A: Yes.

Q: That is you in the photograph, Exhibit Number Two?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: You took the tractor out and started cutting field number three, as shown in Exhibit One; is that correct?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: How long had you been cutting grass in field number three, before the incident occurred.

A: I had just started cutting that field. I entered the field here.

Q: Wait a minute. Show me the gate where you entered the field.

A: There's no gate, there's just an opening.

Q: Okay.

A: I entered the field hear [sic] and started cutting the east fenceway.

Q: Draw an arrow there. Where you are talking about?

A: And I cut around here and got to this point, where the accident occurred.

Q: Where did you enter the field? Did you enter the field from the area where the barn is here?

A: Yes.

Q: You have an "X" there. I'm going to draw an arrow [23] where you come in this way. Is that what you did?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: And made a right turn?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: So, then, you went east along field number three and then you went north, then you went west, then you came south, back to where the gate was, approximately; correct?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Then, you again made a left turn to go east on the second – would you call it the second pass on the south side of the field?

A: I had just came – there is a bush here that you have to go around, that separates the opening to this field. I had just started to go around that bush to make the second pass or second cut.

Q: I am going to draw an arrow here to that location right there. That's a bush; correct?

A: Yes.

Q: I will write "bush". Is that correct, the way I did it there?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: So, as you came around on the west side of the field, you had to go past that bush; is that correct, like this?

[24] A: Yes, sir.

Q: You were going past the bush. That's where the accident occurred?

A: The site of the accident is approximately the middle of that bush. So, I didn't complete the complete circle on the first pass. The tractor started to tip approximately here.

Q: That's about where the accident was, is about here?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: We will draw another arrow there and put "accident". Okay?

A: Uh-huh.

Q: Is that about right?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Is that roughly what we're talking about?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Is there any way you can describe the speed of the tractor, like shown in Exhibit Number Two, at the time this all took place?

A: It was slow enough to cut the field. The field is full of bumps and ridges and I was going slow enough to make a good cut on the field.

Q: What gear did you have it in?

A: That, I don't know, sir.

Q: How many forward gears are there on this tractor?

[25] A: I believe there's five.

Q: But you don't know what gear you had it in?

A: No, sir.

Q: Do you have any recollection of what gear you usually would mow these weed lots in?

A: I tried to go as slow as possible.

Q: Does that mean you were in first gear?

A: I don't know. I really couldn't tell you the exact gear that I was in or what gear I use. I go as slow as possible to make a good cut when I use that tractor.

Q: You think you might have been in first gear?

A: Could be. It could be second gear, to [sic] sometimes, when the weeds are thick, you can't go too slow because it will stop the tractor, pulling the brush hog. It might have been the second gear, I'm not sure.

Q: I assume there's a hand throttle on this tractor, correct?

A: A lever, not a throttle. It's a lever that is located on the steering column, which is regulated by the gear that you are in. You can make it go faster by pushing down on this lever but it's – like I said, if you don't touch it, it goes at the speed of the gear that you are in.

[26] Q: But this is something that's set by the driver, correct?

A: No, sir, it's not.

Q: How do you adjust the speed of the tractor?

A: By the gear.

Q: Is that the only way you adjust the speed of the tractor?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: So, the tractor only has five speeds?

A: I believe there's five. I'm not really sure, without looking at it again. I'm almost sure it has five gears on that tractor.

Q: If you are in gear number one and want to go faster, what to you do?

A: You push down on the throttle control.

Q: That's the throttle control on the right side of the steering column; is that right?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: So, that changes the speed of the tractor, by adjusting this throttle lever on the right side of the steering column; correct?

A: It adjusts the RPM on the tractor.

Q: What's an RPM?

A: It does the speed.

Q: What's an RPM?

[27]A: Revolutions per minute.

Q: What does that have to do with the speed of the tractor?

MR. DETTMER: I don't want to step in here and be argumentative. This isn't a test in mechanics. I

mean whether he understands the consequences of the terminology "RPM" or what that means is irrelevant to the case. The question is how does he increase the speed. That's the question you started with and you haven't given him a change to answer that question.

MR. BRYANT: Do you have an objection?

MR. DETTMER: Yes.

MR. BRYANT: What is the objection?

MR. DETTMER: You ought to not be argumentative. Give him a chance to answer the question.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: Do you have something that you want to say, with reference to how you adjust the speed of the tractor?

A: The speed is adjusted by the gear that you are in. It adjusts itself by the speed of the engine. When you are in first gear it will go slower. Maybe when you are in second gear it will go faster. It's adjusted by the gear in [sic] you are in when you put a [28] load on the brush hog or what you are towing.

Q: Is there any other way you adjust the tractor, other than the gears one through five that you indicated earlier?

A: No, sir.

Q: You cannot adjust the speed of the tractor from this throttle lever that's on the side of the tractor you mentioned earlier?

A: When you push the throttle lever down, it will make the tractor go faster. Okay? If you do not touch the throttle lever, it will go just as fast as what the gear that you are in, it will regulate itself, automatically going down or up to what kind of load you are putting on that tractor.

Q: Where was this throttle set at the time of the accident?

A: I'm not really sure.

Q: At any time, from the time you left the barn and up until the time of the accident, had you adjusted the throttle lever on the right side of the steering column?

A: No, sir.

(Deposition Exhibit Three, a photograph, was marked for identification.)

[29] BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: I am showing you a photograph that has been marked as Deposition Exhibit Number Three.

MR. DETTMER: Are you going to take that out and make it part of the record, so we know, down the road? Do you want to do that now? Let me take a picture of it, so I know. Go ahead and ask him a question.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: What is the device on the rear of the tractor shown on Exhibit Three?

A: Brush hog.

Q: Is that what you were mowing lot three with at the time of the accident?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: How do you adjust the speed of that?

MR. DETTMER: I'm sorry? Are you suggesting the speed of the brush hog –

MR. BRYANT: He said he didn't know.

MR. DETTMER: Okay.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: On the diagram, as you came around the corner there by the bush and you were getting ready to go down the south side of the field, what happened?

A: The tractor, approximately the center of this bush, [30] started to tip.

Q: Which way?

A: To the left. I was trying to get off the tractor at that time, as we were still moving. The tractor was still going forward. I couldn't get off the tractor and it finally came to a stop, when it hit a tree on the east fence-way.

Q: It hit a tree on the east side of field number three?

A: Yes, sir.

MR. DETTMER: Would you mind putting a mark where that is?

MR. BRYANT. Wait.

A: The south side. Pardon me. It would be the south side.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: Where was the tree that the tractor hit, that stopped the tractor after you were trying to get off? Would you mark that?

A: (The witness complied.)

Q: Draw an arrow and identify what that is.

MR. DETTMER: What do you want it to say, "tree"?

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: You have written "tree" and I put an arrow to the "X". Is that the X – you indicated on the south side [31] of lot three, that the tractor hit and stopped itself?

A: Yes.

Q: I assume that that was a standing up tree, a growing tree in the fence line there? Is that what it was?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Where were you at the time this tractor hit the tree?

A: Hanging onto the steering wheel.

Q: Were you still sitting in the seat on the tractor?

A: No, sir. I wasn't sitting, I was hanging off the tractor and part of me was on the tractor.

Q: Which direction was the tractor going at the time it started to tip to the left?

Using your diagram here, was it going north, south, east and west or partially in between those directions?

A: When it started to tip, we were going in a southerly direction.

Q: What caused the tractor to start to tip?

A: A log.

Q: Where was this log?

A: Underneath the growth of the bush that was – I was attempting to go around.

Q: Had you ever seen that log before?

A: No, sir.

[32] Q: How long had that log been there? Could you give me a indication of whether it had been there for years or overnight or anything like that?

A: No, sir. Unknown.

Q: Had you ever seen that log before when you mowed lot number three during the summer of 1992 and 1993?

A: No, sir.

Q: Did the tractor run over this log or just run into it?

A: The right tire went over the top of it.

Q: The right front tire?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: When did you first see that log? Where was the tractor in relation to the log?

A: I didn't see that log the day of the accident.

Q: You never saw the log, at all, on August 15th, 1994?

A: No, sir.

Q: When did you first observe this log that you believe was what caused the front tire to go over the log?

A: When I was able to walk a little bit over the field to see what really happened out there.

Q: That's the first time you saw the log, was when you walked back out to the field after the accident?

A: After the accident, yes.

Q: How long after the accident was that?

[33] A: Weeks.

Q: I don't know what that means. That could be two or –

A: That's unknown. I was in the hospital for five days and I was unable to move for an extended period of time, which I can't give you even an approximate time that I was homebound. I eventually went out there to find out what happened and saw the log.

Q: Was this in 1994 or 1990 five?

A: It could have been in 1995. I'm not sure.

Q: Did you take any pictures when you were out there?

A: No, sir I didn't.

Q: The pictures that I have been provided and which I'm showing you here, who took those pictures, do you know?

A: Bob Golen (ph.)

Q: When did he take those pictures?

A: The date is unknown.

Q: You are in the one photograph that we have marked as Deposition Exhibit Number Two.

Do you know when that photograph was taken, approximately? Approximately, I'm not looking for an exact date.

A: At the start of the case. I don't have any idea what month or day it was taken. I couldn't even give you an educated guess.

[34] Q: This looks like it's in the summertime. You are in shorts and the grass and everything looks green. Is this the summer of 1994 or '95, that it was taken?

MR. DETTMER: He said it was after the lawsuit was started. I don't think it was started in '94.

A: The summer of 1994, approximately.

MR. DETTMER: Bob, think about what you are saying. I want to clarify this. He already said that it was after the lawsuit was started. Do you know when this lawsuit was started?

A: No, sir; I don't. Without having a copy of the date that we started the lawsuit, I don't know if it was summer or fall or spring.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: Regardless of when we started the lawsuit, do you know when this picture was taken marked as Exhibit Number Two?

A: After the lawsuit was started. I can't give you an exact month or date on that.

Q: After you say this right front tire went over this log that caused the tractor to tip to the left, you say, this log that it went over, what is the size of it that we're talking about here, diameter-wise?

A: In diameter, approximately 12 to 14 inches. The [35] length is approximately three or four feet.

Q: Where the right front tire of the tractor ran over this 12- or 14-inch diameter log, what happened to you on the tractor?

A: The tractor tried to throw me off of it.

Q: Did you have ahold of the steering wheel at the time the right front wheel hit this log?

A: I had ahold of the steering wheel; yes, sir.

Q: With both hands or one hand?

A: With both hands.

Q: You said the tractor tried to throw you off. What happened to your body at that time?

A: It was hanging off the tractor.

Q: Hanging off the tractor, I assume it was the left side?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Where was your left foot at the time you were hanging off the tractor, as you say?

A: Dangling on the ground.

Q: Where was your right foot at that time?

A: Stuck underneath the brake pedal.

Q: On the right side of the tractor?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: You had both hands on the steering wheel?

A: Yes, sir.

[36] Q: Was your butt still in the tractor seat?

A: No, sir.

Q: Where was that?

A: Hanging off on the left side of the tractor.

Q: Did the tractor's right rear wheel go over the log, also?

A: No, sir.

Q: After the right front wheel went over this log and you were hanging off to the left side of the tractor, what happened to you then, after that?

A: I felt my leg being thrown against the steel of the tractor.

Q: Which leg?

A: Left leg.

Q: What part of the tractor did your left leg hit?

A: I believe, the steel bar that comes from the front tires to the steering column.

Q: I think there's about three or four photographs here that shows the left side of the tractor.

Do any of those show the part of the tractor where you say your left leg was against the bar?

A: I believe it's this bar right here.

Q: Do any of those photos show it better?

A: That one. That's the bar and that's the bar.

Q: [37] (Deposition Exhibit Number Four, a photograph, was marked for identification.)

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: I have marked the photograph there as Exhibit Number Four. That's the bar on the left side of the tractor that you say your leg was against at the time it ripped to the left?

A: When the tractor tipped, my leg was thrown against that bar. It wasn't laying against it. It was thrown against it.

Q: By the tractor tipping to the left?

A: No. By the movement of the tractor.

Q: What movement of the tractor?

A: The tractor was still moving.

Q: Moving in a forward –

A: Forward motion.

Q: Did you at any time slow the tractor down from the time it hit the log until it hit the tree?

A: The tractor was going slow. When we hit the log and I was in so much pain, I didn't realize that I could stop – I didn't think I could stop the tractor.

Q: Did you do anything to try to stop the tractor, from the time that you hit the log until you hit that tree?

[38] A: No, sir, I didn't.

Q: Here's a couple of photographs showing the right side of the tractor; correct? Do you agree to that?

A: Yes, sir.

MR. DETTMER: Do you want to mark those?

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: Do either one of these photograph show –

MR. DETTMER: You don't want to mark them?

Q: – the pedal your right foot was stuck in at the time the tractor was tipping to the left?

A: The one here shows where my foot was underneath the brakes.

(Deposition Exhibit Number Five was marked for identification.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: I have marked the photo as Exhibit Number Five. That's the side of the tractor and it shows two foot pedals there?

A: Yes.

Q: Your right foot was caught under one of those foot pedals at that time?

A: Both of them.

Q: What are those foot pedals for?

[39] A: Brakes.

Q: Both are for the brakes?

A: Yes.

Q: The pedal would be to the right and the picture is for the left rear wheel?

A: I believe the left –

MR. DETTMER: Wait a minute. Take your time. Look at it.

MR. BRYANT: Wait a minute.

MR. DETTMER: You are suggesting something that's not even accurate.

MR. BRYANT: Well, let him tell me if I'm not. I want his testimony, I don't want your testimony.

MR. DETTMER: Why don't you ask him other than it's the left brake. What's it for?

A: Both those pedals are used for brakes.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: One for the right rear wheel and one for the left rear wheel; correct?

A: I'm not sure. If I was an experienced farmer who used those type of tractors, I would know. All I know is those two pedals are for the brakes.

MR. DETTMER: You don't have a current recollection of the exact point?

[40] A: Right.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: During the time you were driving this tractor up before the time of the accident, which one of those pedals would you use to stop the tractor?

A: If I needed to stop the tractor, I would have used both those pedals.

Q: Could you use both pedals with one foot?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: There were no brake pedals on the left side of the tractor, were there?

A: No sir.

Q: After your left leg then hit this bar and your right foot was caught underneath the brake pedals and your butt was over to the left side of the tractor and you still had ahold of the steering wheel with both hands, what happened to you, then, after that?

A: When I finally hit the tree, I screamed for help, because when the tractor started to tip and my leg was

thrown into the steel of the tractor, I heard crushing of bone in my leg.

Q: What part of your leg?

A: Around the knee part. I was in extreme pain. I was trying to hold on or trying to get off that tractor and couldn't. When I finally hit the tree is when I [41] started screaming for help.

Q: When you say you were trying to get off the tractor, how were you trying to get off of the tractor?

A: Any way I could.

Q: When you tried to get off the tractor, as you testified to, what were you doing to try to get off of the tractor?

A: I was trying to jump clear, because all I could see was the tractor going completely over and I was trying to get off that tractor the best I could.

Q: You were trying to get off to the right or to the left or to the rear or what?

A: To the left.

Q: That's the way the tractor was tipping, was to the left?

A: Yes.

Q: How far was, approximately, from the point to where the accident occurred, where you hit the log, until the location where you hit the tree?

What kind of distance are we talking about there?

A: Twenty or 25 feet, approximately.

Q: During that 20 or 25 feet, did you at any time slow the tractor down?

A: The tractor was going as slow –

[42] MR. DETTMER: I think that's been asked and answered. You previously asked him that question and he has previously testified.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: What was your answer to that question, "no"?

A: That's not true, sir.

MR. DETTMER: Wait. The answer stands as it is.

MR. BRYANT: Are you going to tell him not to answer that question?

MR. DETTMER: Yes.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: How fast was the tractor going at the time it hit the tree? Do you have any idea at all?

A: No, sir.

Q: Was it still in the first or second gear that you had the tractor in when you were mowing around the outside of lot number three?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Was the throttle setting still the same as it was at the time you were mowing the first round of lot number three?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: What happened to the tractor after it hit the tree?

A: It came to an abrupt stop.

[43] Q: What happened to you or your body at the time the tractor hit the tree and came to an abrupt stop?

A: I was still hanging on. I couldn't get off the tractor.

Q: You were still hanging off on the left side, like you described earlier?

A: The tractor re-righted itself and I was trying to get off and couldn't and I was in extreme pain.

Q: When the tractor – strike that.

When the tractor hit the tree and came to a stop, were you still on the left side of the tractor, like you described earlier?

A: That's unknown right now.

Q: You did not get thrown off and you were not on the ground, though, were you?

A: No, sir.

Q: You still had both hands on the steering wheel, did you?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: The tractor at no time upset on its left side after hitting the log, did it?

MR. DETTMER: I'm sorry? Upset, not upset? I didn't understand the question.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: Did you understand the question?

[44] A: No, sir.

Q: At any time after the right front wheel of the tractor hit the log, did it actually upset and fall over on its left side or did it just tip to the left side?

A: Tipped to the left side.

Q: After it hit the log, it came down on all four wheels?

MR. DETTMER: You miss characterized what he just said, unless you misspoke yourself. You mean after it hit the tree?

MR. BRYANT: That's not what I said. I said after it hit the log with the right front wheel and tipped over on the left side, did it come down on all four wheels.

MR. DETTMER: It's asked and answered.

MR. BRYANT: Are you instructing him not to answer that question?

MR. DETTMER: Yes. This is getting to the point of being abusive, I think.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: After it hit the tree and you were still hanging on the tractor, with both hands on the left side of the tractor, what did you do then?

A: Screamed for help.

[45] Q: Did you stay on the tractor or get off the tractor?

A: I couldn't move, sir.

Q: Did you stay on the tractor or get off the tractor?

A: I stayed on the tractor.

Q: You screamed for help. Did someone come and help?

A: Yes, sir, someone did.

Q: Who came to help?

A: The neighbor, sir.

Q: Who was that?

A: I'm not really sure of his name, but his house is on the north side of her property.

MR. DETTMER: You want to indicate that?

A: In this area here.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: Then, he came over to help you because you were screaming and your left leg was in pain; correct?

A: He came over because of hearing me scream for help.

Q: When he came over, what did you do then?

A: Cried a lot.

Q: Did you do anything else beside cry?

A: Cussed.

Q: Anything else?

A: A lot of pain.

Q: What did you do?

[46] A: I couldn't do anything.

Q: Did you stay on the tractor?

A: Until I was helped off.

Q: Who helped you off?

A: The neighbor and paramedics.

Q: Do you recall the neighbor's name?

MR. DETTMER: Asked and answered.

MR. BRYANT: He never gave me a name before. I want to know if he recalls.

A: I don't remember. All I know is the first name is Hank.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: Hank?

A: Yes, I don't know the last name.

Q: You remained on the tractor until the paramedics arrived or the EMS or whoever it was?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: When the EMS arrived, what did they do to you or for you at that time?

A: The EMS or paramedics and the neighbor assisted me to get off the tractor to where they could do first aid on my leg. They laid me on the ground and did first aid.

Q: That's the first time you got off the tractor, was after the EMS arrived?

[47] A: Yes, sir.

Q: What kind of first aid did they give you?

A: I believe they call it air splint.

Q: They put one of those air splints on your left leg?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Was there anything else they did for you or to you at that time?

A: Put me on a stretcher, carried me to the ambulance and took me to the Seaway Hospital.

Q: Did you at any time move the tractor from the tree where the tractor came to rest after the incident?

A: No, sir.

Q: So, when you left the area, the tractor was still up against this tree that stopped the tractor along the south side of field number three; is that correct?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Who moved the tractor after that; do you know?

A: One of my sons, either my stepson or my son.

Q: Would that be Tim or Adam?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Were you present when they did that?

A: No, sir.

Q: Was there any damage done to the tractor?

A: Not that I know of, sir.

Q: What part of the tractor hit the tree; do you have [48] any idea?

A: The front.

Q: The front radiator part?

A: The direct center.

Q: You were taken to Seaway Hospital. You were admitted to the hospital, were you?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: What kind of treatment did you have at Seaway?

A: Surgery.

Q: This is surgery to the left knee?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Do you know what the surgery did or was for?

A: To repair the knee.

Q: When we talk about the knee, we are always talking about your left knee; correct?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Your right knee was never injured in this incident, was it?

A: The right knee was never injured.

Q: How long were you at Seaway Hospital?

A: Approximately six days.

Q: Did they do anything else to you or for you in the hospital, other than this surgery for your left knee during this six days?

A: Medication, physical therapy. They taught me how to [49] use a walker or a wheelchair, some sort of helping device.

Q: What kind of physical therapy did they give you?

A. At that time, none.

Q: I thought you just said you had physical therapy while you were in the hospital.

A: Physical therapy while I was in the hospital consisted of how to use a walker. That was the physical therapy room that they took me to, and the person explained how to use a walker.

Q: Do you have a cast on your left leg?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Describe the cast. Describe where it started and how far it went.

A: From the toes to the thigh.

Q: Was it a walking cast?

A: No, sir.

Q: After six days, I assume you were discharged and you went home?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: What doctor treated you in the hospital?

A: Baghdoian.

Q: After you were released from the hospital, did you continue to treat with Baghdoian?

A: Yes, sir.

[50] Q: Are you still treating with Baghdoian?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: When did you last see Baghdoian?

A: Approximately two weeks ago.

Q: When you last saw Baghdoian about two weeks ago, what did he do to you or for you?

A: I believe at that time he took X-rays of the knee.

Q: How many times have you seen Dr. Baghdoian, roughly, since your discharge from Seaway, up until two weeks ago?

A: To even give you an educated guess, I would be guessing –

Q: Approximately?

A: It started off every two weeks and then it went to every month and then every three months, were my appointments with him.

Q: You have seen him every three months at the present time?

A: At the present time, it's two to three months.

Q: What did he do to you or for you two weeks ago?

A: I believe that visit was for X-rays.

Q: Anything else?

A: No, sir.

Q: Since your discharge up until two weeks ago when they took X-rays, just give me some feel generally what he [51] would do on the visits you would have to his office. I assume they were to his office?

A: Yes, sir. They were?

A: He would inspect me, check to see if I had any movement out of my toes, take X-rays when the insurance company required them, just an overall examination of the injured area.

Q: Did he prescribe any physical therapy?

A: At first, sir.

Q: When did you start your physical therapy? Do you recall approximately when it was after your discharge from Seaway Hospital?

A: Approximately six months to a year after my accident.

Q: So, it must have been sometime around the summer of 1995, when you started physical therapy?

A: I believe it was the fall.

Q: The fall of 1995?

A: 1995.

Q: About a year after the accident, then?

A: Approximately, yes.

Q: Where did you have this physical therapy?

A: Downriver Rehabilitation Institute in Southgate, on Dix Highway.

Q: This doctor, Mary Ann Guyon, G-u-y-o-n, is that where you got your physical therapy?

[52] A: No, sir.

Q: Where did you get your physical therapy?

MR. DETTMER: Who is the doctor?

A: Downriver Rehab.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: You started Downriver Rehab about a year after the accident, and how long did you take physical therapy?

A: Sixty visits.

Q: Sixty?

A: Sixty. That's all the insurance company allotted. So, it was approximately – I believe I was going three times a week.

Q: When did you finish up this physical therapy and have your 60 visits in or when did you have the last physical therapy visits?

A: Sometime in the spring. I believe, is when my 60 visits was over.

Q: Spring of '96?

A: Not '96, no. '95.

Q: I think we have to get the time straightened out here. The accident was the fall or August of '94?

A: Yes.

Q: You indicated you started the therapy around the fall of '95, about a year after the accident.

A: About six months to a year after the accident.

[53] Q: So, that would be either spring, summer or fall of '95, when you started the physical therapy?

A: In 1996, I had no physical therapy. I know that for a fact.

Q: Okay.

A: 'Ninety-five, I believe it was, in the spring that physical therapy ended.

Q: That would be around six months after the accident?

A: Yeah, about six months is what I said. I thought it was between six months to a year, I don't think it was a year that I started physical therapy.

Q: Were you taking physical therapy during last summer?

A: No, sir.

Q: Had you finished it or just started?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: You finished your therapy by the summer of 1995, a year ago?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: You have not had any additional physical therapy on your right leg since you took the last physical therapy treatment from Downriver Rehab?

MS. PETRIK: Excuse me. Left leg. You said right leg.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: We know nothing happened to the right leg and we're [54] still talking about the left leg.

So, that's the last time you had physical therapy of any kind?

A: Of any kind.

Q: Was Dr. Mary Ann Guyon the doctor that gave you the physical therapy?

A: No, sir.

Q: How did she fit into the picture?

A: Baghdoian referred me to her.

Q: Why?

A: For an EMG.

Q: Is that the only thing Dr. Guyon did to you or for you was an EMG, or did she do something else?

A: She did an EMG and she evaluated my left leg for a brace.

Q: How many times have you seen Dr. Guyon?

A: I have seen Dr. Guyon approximately three times.

Q: When was your last visit to her?

A: Just over week ago.

Q: Why did you see her a week or go or what did she do to you or for you a week ago?

A: She evaluated my leg and referred me to a vascular surgeon.

Q: Who was that?

MR. DETTMER: Do you know the guy's.

[55] name?

MR. BRYANT: It looks like G-a-x-d-e-c-k-i.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: We have been provided a copy of a card here of a Dr. Thomas Gazdecki. That's who you had been referred to by Dr. Guyon?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Have you seen Dr. Gazdecki yet?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: When did you see Dr. Gazdecki?

A: Friday of last week.

Q: You just had the one visit then with Dr. Gazdecki?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: What did Dr. Gazdecki do to you or for you last Friday?

A: Inspected my leg, did an office Doppler.

Q: A what?

A: An office Doppler treatment.

Q: What's that?

A: It checks the circulation. It's a little machine that he has.

Q: This was to check the circulation in your left leg?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Is there anything else that they did for you or to [56] you?

A: He did some scraping of callus on the bottom of my foot.

Q: Anything else?

A: Set up appointments for tests.

Q: When do you have the appointments for these tests?

A: March first.

Q: Do you know what tests are supposed to be run on March 1st?

A: A hospital doppler and a bone scan.

Q: Where is that to be run?

A: Wyandotte Hospital.

Q: What other doctors have you seen as a result of this incident?

A: The only other doctor that I need to see, due to my health care insurance, is my primary care physician, who is Dr. Mussani.

Q: Spell it, please.

A: M-u-s-s-a-n-i.

MR. DETTMER: Bob, did you see somebody at the Downriver Therapy?

A: Just the technicians.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: That's the Downriver Rehab?

A: Yes, sir.

[57] MR. DETTMER: I don't think that's listed in the Answers to Interrogatories.

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: Dr. Mussani, you say he's your family doctor, your primary care doctor?

A: He's my primary care physician.

Q: How long has he been your primary care physician?

A: Since approximately January or February of 1992.

Q: Why do you have to go see Dr. Mussani, now?

A: All treatment and tests have to be okayed by him with Blue Care Network.

Q: Does Dr. Mussani have to approve that this Dr. Gazdecki's and Dr. Guyon's treatments.

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Baghdoian, does he have to approve that, too?

A: He has to approve everything.

Q: When you say your have to go see him now, why do you have to go see him now?

A: On periodic visits, to actually see him, I don't have to personally come in contact with him, but I have to notify his office of referrals that I need and referrals have to be typed up and he has to sign them before I do any type of treatment or tests or anything that any other doctor wants.

Q: Has Dr. Mussani given you any type of treatment [58] himself or his office, for this leg injury?

A: No, sir.

Q: His involvement, then, is to approve for Blue Care Network the treatment by the other doctors?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: What other doctors have you seen or been treated or examined by, as a result of this tractor incident?

A: The only other doctor that I have seen is a podiatrist.

Q: Who is that?

A: Dr. Daniel Abromowitz.

Q: Spell it, please.

(A discussion was held off the record.)

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: This doctor, Daniel – what was the last name again?

A: Abromowitz.

Q: What are you seeing Dr. Abromowitz for?

A: The foot problem that I have.

Q: Have you seen Dr. Abromowitz?

A: Yes, I have.

Q: How many times have you seen him?

A: At least three times.

Q: Where is he located?

A: Trenton Michigan.

[59] Q: You say he's a podiatrist?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Who sent you to Dr. Abromowitz?

A: Dr. Mussani.

Q: The three times you have seen Dr. Abromowitz, what has he done to you or for you?

A: Scraped calluses off my foot, my left foot, prescribed hospital stay with i.v. antibiotics. That's about it.

Q: Have you been confined to the hospital by Dr. Abromowitz?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: What hospital?

A: Seaway.

Q: When were you in Seaway Hospital, per Dr. Abromowitz?

A: Approximately three or four months ago.

Q: How long were you in the hospital?

A: Two or three days.

Q: During that two or three days that you were in Seaway Hospital per Dr. Abromowitz, what did they do to you or for you?

A: I.v. antibiotics.

Q: For what reason?

A: Infection.

Q: Do you know where the infection was?

[60] A: Left foot.

Q: What part of your foot?

A: Toes, the ball of the foot area, underneath.

Q: Did you have any injuries in your toes or the ball of your left foot in the tractor incident?

A: That's unknown at this time, if it was caused by it. I'm unsure of the reason that this happened.

Q: When did you first have this infection in your left foot?

A: I believe it started approximately five months ago, in that area.

Q: Did Dr. Mussani treat you, at all, for this infection in your left foot?

A: He examined it.

Q: Did he give you treatment of any kind or did he just send you over to Dr. Abromowitz?

A: He told me to see a podiatrist, and I was going to set up a schedule for one.

Q: A schedule for what?

A: The podiatrist, and I have one in my neighborhood and I went to him and got it okayed by Dr. Mussani.

Q: Do you have any other appointments with Dr. Abromowitz at the present time?

A: Not at this time.

Q: Did they do anything else for you or to you for this [61] left foot problem, when you were in Seaway Hospital, other than give you antibiotic by i.v.?

A: Dressed it, and Dr. Abromowitz wanted a wet dry solution put on it, in other words, wrap the foot and apply Betadine with a mixture of water, to keep it soaked, that's all.

Q: How is this infection in your left foot at the present time, to your knowledge?

A: The infection is minimal. I'm not sure if I have still got some or not.

Q: Are there any other doctors you have treated with or were examined by, since this incident of August, 1994?

A: No.

Q: There is a card that you had in your wallet and attorney made a copy for us. It's Able Orthopedics, Inc.

A: What involvement do you have with that?

A: Dr. Guyon requested a brace be made.

Q: That's where you had the brace, Able Orthopedics?

A: Right.

Q: That's a brace for your left knee, is it?

A: For the left knee and leg area, yes.

Q: I notice you have a brace today on your left leg. Is [62] that what we're talking about?

A: No, sir.

Q: When did you have the brace made with Able Orthopedics?

A: A good three or four months ago, or longer. Probably longer. It was longer, if I remember right. I can't give you an exact date, though, I don't know. The brace was made, though.

Q: Can you describe the brace that you got from Able Orthopedics?

A: I was a brace that was fitted with a plastic insert for the foot and went up the knee to the thigh.

Q: Was this a plastic piece that went up like the back of your leg?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: To kind of keep the leg from bending?

A: No, sir.

Q: You could bend your knee with this brace?

A: The plastic piece was designed to help me with my foot drop.

Q: Do you still use or wear this plastic brace from Able Orthopedics?

A: No, sir.

Q: Why not?

A: It caused problems with circulation.

[63] Q: Who sent you for this brace from Able Orthopedics, what doctor?

A: Dr. Guyon.

Q: Did Dr. Guyon tell you not to use this plastic brace that you have just described for me?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Now, the brace you have today, where did you get that?

A: It was made up with – Able Orthopedics made it up, under the care of Dr. Guyon.

Q: The brace you have on today, can you describe that for me? Let me see it, first.

A: Okay.

Q: It looks like a brace that fastens around the calf of your foot, with a rod down the inside and the outside of the leg and attached to the shoe that you have?

A: It's attached to the shoe. It keeps my foot from shifting to the left when I walk. The type of shoe that it's fastened to is supposed to keep me from walking on the ball of my foot. There's still an open wound that they're trying to – it's still not healed.

Q: The brace you have on today, from the calf down to the shoe, is that because of the surgery you had in your toes and the ball of your foot, when you were in [64] the hospital/ I guess it wasn't surgery, it was for the infection that you had?

A: No. It was not for the infection or anything that I was admitted to the hospital. It was when I went back to see Dr. Guyon, she inspected my foot and one area of my foot is not healing. She prescribed and got with Able Orthopedics and they devised this type of brace to keep me from shifting to the left with my foot as I walk, which in turn breaks open and causes the bottom of my foot to bleed.

Q: As far as you know, the brace that you have on today with this shoe and running up to the calf of your left leg, is that because of the infection that you had in your foot and your toes or the injury you had to your left knee?

A: That, I'm not sure of right now. It's just – this is not a permanent shoe that I will be wearing. This is just a temporary brace that keeps my foot from shifting.

Q: Let's see your knee, while you have your pants leg up here.

You have some scars there, do you?

A: This is a scar from the surgery.

Q: You pointed to the outside of your left knee. The scar looks like it's six inches long? Is that about [65] right?

A: Approximately, yes. Four.

Q: Four to six inches long. Does that scar bother you in any way?

A: The scar doesn't, no.

Q: How long have you had this brace that you are wearing there today?

A: Two weeks, two to three weeks.

Q: Are there any other braces you have had as a result of this incident?

You have told me about the plastic one and the one you are wearing today. Anything else?

A: No, sir.

Q: Are there any other doctors you have seen and been examined by or treated with, as a result of this incident on the tractor, that we haven't talked about yet?

A: No, sir.

Q: Seaway Hospital is the only hospital you have been in since this accident?

A: Seaway Hospital, and the Wyandotte Brace Clinic is where Dr. Guyon's office is there.

Q: Are there any other hospitals, other than Seaway and the Wyandotte Brace Clinic, that you have been in?

A: No, sir.

[66] Q: Daniel Abromowitz is your podiatrist you were talking about earlier, is that right?

A: Yes, Sir.

Q: Looking at your Answers to Interrogatories, there is a Hank Potrykus, P-o-t-r-y-k-u-s.

Does that sound like the neighbor that came over to help you out when you yelled, when the tractor –

A: I'm not sure of the last name. I know his first name is Hank.

Q: What kind of problems do you have at the present time, as a result of this tractor incident?

A: My knee hurts. The infection in my foot. There's other things that have been uncomfortable.

Q: Tell me about them.

A: The knee will shift. You can feel it shifting when you walk and it causes pain to the knee area. The foot feels like a lead weight and causes electrical shocks through it, just a burning sensation.

There might be other things that hurt, due to the accident, but at this time, I can't really describe them.

Usually, it's mostly uncomfortable pain or when I try to walk and the knee twists.

Q: After your discharge from the hospital, you had a cast on your left leg from the toes to your thigh, I [67] believe you said, How long did you wear the cast?

A: I wore the cast for approximately four or five weeks.

Q: Then, after you wore the case, were you able to walk around, then?

A: No, sir.

Q: How did you get around after you took the cast off, after four or five weeks?

A: I still couldn't get around. Complications developed with the cast on and it feels better to take it off. I was supposed to wear the cast up to twelve weeks or more. Due to the circulation and everything else that was injured, I couldn't wear the case for more than five weeks. They had to remove the case and they put me into what is called a half cast, which is held on by an Ace bandage.

Q: The half cast, how high and how low did that go?

A: From the bottom of the foot all the way to the thigh.

Q: Could you remove that at night with the Ace bandage half cast?

A: Yes, sir; I could remove it.

Q: How long did you wear the half cast?

A: For the remainder of the weeks.

Q: About eight more weeks, then?

A: Yes, probably.

Q: After the half cast came off, were you able to get [68] around?

A: I was able to get around on a walker, with the use of a walker.

Q: How long did you use the walker?

A: For another good eight weeks or so. I'm not sure of the amount of time that each of my helping device devices was used?

Q: I understand. We're talking about approximately.

A: I went from a wheelchair to a walker, to crutches, to a cane. The length of time on each one of them, I don't know. I couldn't even give you an educated guess.

Q: I see you have the cane with you today?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Are you using the cane today because of the infection in your left foot or because of the surgery you had on your left knee?

A: I'm using the cane because of the complications with the knee.

Q: When you say the knee hurts, as part of your present problems or complaints, when does your knee hurt?

A: At night, during certain types of weather, damp weather.

Q: Is there any particular location in your left knee where this hurts, outside, inside, front, back, all [69] over or what?

A: Mostly, it's all over the left knee. I have soreness and pain on the top of the knee and on the left side.

Q: What do you do when you have this pain in your knee, at night or in damp weather?

A: Stay off my leg.

Q: Anything else?

A: No.

Q: When you stay off your leg then, does that help the pain that you have?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Do you take any medication, at all, for any pain or discomfort in your left knee?

A: Just Tylenol.

Q: That's over-the-counter Tylenol?

A: Yes.

Q: You don't have any pain medication, pain prescriptions that anybody has given you for your knee?

A: No, sir.

Q: The infection in your left foot, we have already talked about, that's being treated by your podiatrist, and you were in Seaway Hospital for an antibotic i.v.?

A: Yes, sir.

[70] Q: You don't know whether you have an infection now in your left foot or not, do you?

A: When I went to see Dr. Gazdecki, he said it smelled like there was an infection. He asked me if I had seen any type of pus, when my wife does the removing and replacing of the gauze and the dressing of the wound at night.

Q: Where is this wound that you talked about?

A: I will have to show you.

Q: In what part of your left foot do you have this wound that you're talking about?

A: The wound is located on the bottom of the foot, near the ball of the foot by the little toe.

Q: This wound that you have, that you have described the location for me, did you have surgery at that location, or what caused this wound that you are talking about?

A: At this present time, I don't know what really caused it.

Q: Was it surgery, though?

A: No, it wasn't surgery.

Q: Did it all of a sudden appear, this wound on the bottom of your left foot?

A: No, sir. What took place was when I wore the brace that was first prescribed to me, the circulation was [71] interfered with and my whole foot blew up like a

balloon, the foot and toes, where they started to pop and was split. This is one part of the foot that has not healed at this time.

Q: This all happened about four or five months ago, I believe you indicated?

A: About three of four months ago is when it all started. I wore the brace for approximately one week and during that week, things started to happen with other complications.

Q: Had there been other complications, other than the infection on your foot that you're talking about, with reference to that plastic brace?

A: No, That's it.

Q: Okay. Are you on antibotics at the present time for the left foot problem?

A: No, sir.

Q: You just had the i.v., the antibotic i.v., in the hospital for the infection and that's been it?

A: No. They prescribed 500 milligrams of Keflex to be taken for ten days, four times a day. I got a total of three prescriptions filled to help fight the infection. The infection would go away and then return. I believe I filled that prescription three times.

[72] Q: Is that the extent of the medication, then, for the left foot?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: As of today, you are not taking any medication for the left foot infection?

A: No.

Q: You talk about the left knee shifts as you walk and this causes pain. Describe that for me. What happens?

A: Ninety-five percent of my weight is carried on the right leg. The left leg, when I try to walk, shifts to the left, My knee is permanently bent. It doesn't go straight. When I walk, it shifts to the left, which sometimes causes pain in the knee area.

Q: Does this happen all the time when you walk or just on occasions?

A: On occasions.

Q: On what kind of occasions does this happen? Can you describe it, at all?

A: When I attempt to overdo myself or to walk further than I should, it let's me know that it's time to rest that, don't go any further. It's telling me to sit down and elevate my leg and rest it. It's kind of like a warning signal to me.

Q: So, when you sit down and rest, that helps the whole [73] situation, does it?

A: That helps.

Q: You say the foot feels like a lead weight. When does that happen?

A: During the accident, other than the bone were injured at the time of the accident. The nerve was severed and an additional bone was cracked.

Q: The nerve was severed where?

A: In my leg.

Q: What's part of your leg, your knee?

A: That I don't know. It was somewhere in the knee.

Q: Who told you that?

A: Baghdoian.

Q: Is that what causes the lead weight in the foot that you're talking about?

A: I believe so. It's got to do with what was diagnosed as foot drop. I have no feeling in the toes or 95 percent of my foot. It feels like I'm carrying a lead weight when I walk.

Q: The burning sensation, where is that?

A: It's in the toes and the foot area. There is an explanation for that, that was told to me by Dr. Gazdecki, the reason I'm feeling these things. It's a problem with the circulation on the nerve or whatever the case may be, but I don't remember what [74] he said, to tell you the truth.

Q: When do you have this burning sensation?

A: Most of the time.

Q: Where is this burning sensation you're talking about? Is this limited to the left foot?

A: The left foot.

Q: Any particular part of the foot?

A: Toes.

Q: Toes?

A: Yes.

Q: You said you have pain when you try to walk and your left knee twists. When does that happen?

A: My left knee twists all the time. The pain is when I try to do too much walking or overextend myself trying to walk.

Q: What is too much walking? What are you talking about?

A: I'm talking about 25 feet at one time. Like coming over here to this deposition, I parked in the parking lot and I had to stop three times before getting to this building.

Q: Is that because of pain in your knee or pain in your left foot or what?

A: It's because of pain in the knee. I could feel the knee shifting, which would cause pain to the knee.

[75] Q: Is that covered under your present problems you have as a result of this tractor incident?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Did you ever have any prior injuries to your left knee or left leg before this tractor incident?

A: No, sir.

Q: Have you ever been involved in any other lawsuit other than your divorce?

A: One additional.

Q: When was that?

A: A traffic accident, during my first marriage, somewhere around 1976, '78.

Q: You were in a lawsuit as a result of traffic accident for injuries?

A: Yes.

Q: What type of injuries did you have?

A: I believe it was my wife's back, a closed head injury.

Q: Did you have any injury in that accident, in '76?

A: Yes sir.

Q: What was that, what injury did you have?

A: Okay. I was injured, my neck. We were stopped at a railroad crossing and was rearended.

Q: Any other lawsuits?

A: I know for sure that is one. The other one, I was [76] involved in an accident and I was knocked unconscious and I don't know, right at the present time, if we had a lawsuit. It was quite a few years ago, during my first marriage.

Q: Was that an auto accident?

A: Yes.

Q: Or on-the-job–

A: No. It was an auto accident.

Q: That was still back in 1970 sometime, you say?

A: Sometime in the seventies.

Q: Any others?

A: No sir.

Q: What kind of injuries did you have when you were knocked out in the other accident?

A: I had scrapes, scratches, closed head injury.

Q: Who did you treat with for the closed head injury?

A: That, I don't know at the present time. It was quite a few years ago.

Q: What was your rate of pay at Pinkerton at the time of this accident?

A: Fifteen sixty an hour.

Q: Was that for a forty hour week?

A: Yes sir.

Q: Do you draw disability payments as a result of this incident?

[77] A: Yes, sir.

Q: How much disability are you drawing?

A: $13,000 a month.

Q: Who do you get that from?

A: ITT Hartford.

Q: Have you been drawing that since the time of the accident?

A: Yes sir.

Q: Is there a limit as to how long you can draw that, to your knowledge?

A: Not to my knowledge, I don't know.

Q: Is there any other disability that you are drawing at the present time, other than the $13,000 a month from ITT Hartford?

A: No, sir.

(Deposition Exhibits 6 through 15, photographs, were marked for identification.)

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: I have some photographs here that were provided by your counsel that I have marked Deposition Exhibits 6 through 15, I would like you to take a look at those photographs.

Have you seen these photographs before?

[78] A: Yes.

Q: You have?

A: Yes.

Q: Were you there when they were taken?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: What is shown in Exhibit Number Six?

A: The bush area, I would believe. I'm not too sure if that's a tree area. It's really unrecognizable.

Q: You don't recognize what is in Number Six or why it was taken?

A: All I know is it could be the tree line or it could be the bush. Like I said, the picture is not recognizable.

Q: How about Number Seven?

A: Number Seven looks like it could be the log that the tractor hit.

Q: Is there anything else in either one of those photographs of any significance to you?

A: No, not really. Number Six does look like the bush that I went around on the first cut of the field.

Q: That's the bush that we have shown on Exhibit One here, with an arrow pointed?

A: Yes.

Q: Is the log under that bush that is shown in Exhibit Six?

[79] A: I don't see it in Exhibit Six. I do see it in Exhibit Seven.

Q: Is there anything else in Exhibit Six of significance to you?

A: No, sir.

Q: Look at the next page, Exhibits Eight and Nine. Is there anything of significance to you in either of those photographs, Eight and Nine, or what do they show?

A: Number Eight looks like the tree area which the tractor hit one of those two trees in the picture.

Q: Number Nine?

A: Number Nine, I really can't tell where that picture was taken, as far as the picture goes.

Q: So, Exhibit Eight, you think–

A: I think that is the tree right there that finally stopped the tractor. It's either that one or that one. I can't tell from the distance.

Q: You think it's probably the tree on the right but it could be either one of the trees?

A: It could be either one of the two bigger trees in that area.

Q: That's the tree that you think stopped the tractor after it hit the log?

A: Yes sir.

[80] Q: Number Nine, you can't make out what that's about?

A: No.

Q: Photos 10 and 11, tell us what those are.

A: Number 10, I can't make out what is in the back portion of the picture.

Number 11, possibly could be the bush that I was attempting to go around before the accident.

Q: Would that be the same bush as shown in Exhibit Number Six?

A: I believe so, yes. The way the pictures have been taken, I'm not really that sure. There's several bushes in

that area. That could be the one that I went around, but I'm not really sure.

Q: Turn the page, then, for photographs 12 and 13.

A: Twelve and 13 just slow the field with the tree line.

Q: Is that field number three, do you think?

A: Yes.

Q: The tree line that we see in 12 and 13, where is that in relation to lot number three that we have shown in diagram number one?

A: I'm not really sure, as far as where the photographer was standing when he took the picture. It looks to be this section of the field number three, but I'm not sure.

[81] Q: Which section?

A: I'm pointing to the southeast corner of the field, in this general area here. I'm not really sure. The pictures, I cannot tell from looking at the pictures which direction the pictures were taken.

Q: As far as you know, 12 and 13 doesn't show the log?

A: No.

Q: It doesn't show the location of the bush where the log was located?

A: No.

Q: Photographs marked as Exhibits 14 and 15, would you tell us what those are?

A: Again, I don't see anything recognizable other than just the field that I was attempting to cut.

Q: You think of that, again, as field number three?

A: Yes.

Q: The tree line that we see there, that is not the bush area or the log area that we're talking about?

A: That could be the back of the field. I don't know. The tree line goes all the way around – I believe the word is the circumference of the field. There's trees all around that. To tell you that is the tree, I don't know what section of field that is.

Q: With reference to the weeds that we see in 14 and 15, is that kind of the condition of the weeds in field [82] number three as of August 15, 1994, the day of the incident?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Had you ever run into this log before August 15, 1994?

A: No, sir, I didn't.

Q: When you have mowed the field out there on occasions prior to the date of the accident, apparently you would have to drive past that log to mow the field, would you not?

A: Yes.

Q: Had you seen the log there in 1992 and 1993?

A: No, sir, I didn't.

Q: If I went out there today or when the sun comes out the next time, as far as you know, is that same log still there, that the right front wheel of the tractor ran over?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Are there any other photographs that you are aware of showing the log or the location of the log out there where the tractor hit?

A: No, sir.

Q: At the time the right front wheel of this tractor hit this log, which way were you looking, forward or back or one way or the other?

[83] A: Forward.

Q: To your knowledge, does this log look like it had been cut down or had it blown down during a storm?

A: It looked like it was cut.

Q: Do you know who cut the tree down?

A: No, sir, I don't.

(A recess was held.)

BY MR. BRYANT:

Q: Just give me some idea of what kind of medical treatment you anticipate in the future.

Apparently you are going to see the cardiovascular guy, Dr. Gazdecki?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: Correct?

A: Yes.

Q: You are seeing Dr. Mussani but that's only for approval for your insurance, as I understand it?

A: Yes.

Q: You continue to treat with Dr. Abromowitz, the podiatrist?

A: Not at the present time, until told to do so by Dr. Gazdecki or Dr. Guyon.

Q: Do you still treat with Dr. Guyon?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: You just saw her a couple of weeks ago, I believe?

[84] A: A few weeks ago, yes.

Q: Do you or do you not have an appointment with her at the present time?

A: Not at the present time.

Q: But you anticipate that you will be going back to see her?

A: Yes.

Q: You see Dr. Guyon for your knee, not your foot, correct, or do you see her for both?

A: I see Dr. Guyon for recommendation for a brace. She's a rehab doctor and she does the recommendations for braces.

Q: Does that cover the doctors that you are treating with or anticipate you are going to treat with?

A: As of this time, yes.

Q: Did you have heart problems before this incident?

A: Yes, sir.

Q: How long have you had heart problems?

A: Since the early eighties.

Q: Who do you treat with for your heart problems?

A: At this time, no one.

Q: Who did you last treat with?

A: Dr. Gupta.

Q: Spell it, please.

A: G-u-p-t-a, in Trenton, Michigan.

[85] Q: When did you last see Dr. Gupta for your heart problems?

A: Prior to 1993.

Q: You have not treated with anybody for heart problems since 1993?

A: Correct.

Q: Are you a diabetic?

A: Borderline, sir.

Q: How long have you been a borderline diabetic, to your knowledge?

A: To my knowledge, prior to 1995. So, sometime in 1994 that I was diagnosed.

Q: Who diagnosed you a borderline diabetic?

A: Dr. Mussani.

Q: Do you take any medication for diabetes?

A: Yes, sir; I do.

Q: What do you take?

A: I'm unsure of the name of it right now. I believe Mr. Dettmer has got the name of all medications that I'm on.

Q: How long have you been taking diabetic medication?

A: Ever since I was diagnosed, around '94.

Q: Are there any other medical problems you had for ten years prior to this incident, other than your heart problems, diabetes?

[86] A: No, sir.

Q: If you would have had any problems you would have been treated by Dr. Mussani; is that correct?

A: Prior to 1993, I could have been treated by anyone. This is when I was working for General Motors and had Blue Care Preferred, which you could go to any doctor. After August 1st of 1993, when we were sold, we were given a choice of Pinkerton's health care plan or Blue Care Network, which we had to pick a primary care physician and we chose Dr. Mussani.

Q: What doctors have you treated with for five years before this accident, say, since 1990, for any reason whatsoever?

A: Dr. Gupta would be the only one that I saw, as far as for my heart. He's a heart specialist in Trenton. I saw Dr. Gorski, I believe his name is.

Q: Gorski?

A: I believe. He's on Dix Road in Southgate. I saw him sometime in 1991 for a cyst that was on my left shoulder. There might be several other doctors that I can't think of right now, their names.

Q: Were you in Oakwood Hospital for some reason, or is Oakwood also Seaway Hospital?

A: I believe Oakwood is one of the extensions of Seaway Hospital, yes.

[87] Q: Mrs. Lawrence doesn't pay you for the work you do out there, does she?

A: No, she doesn't.

Q: How tall are you?

A: Five nine.

Q: What do you weigh?

A: Approximately 250, 260, in that area.

Q: Back at the time of the tractor incident, did you weigh about the same, 250, 260?

A: About the same, yes.

Q: The International tractor that you spoke of earlier, is that the red tractor shown on Exhibit Three, still sitting in the barn?

A: Yes.

MR. BRYANT: I don't have any other questions. Thank you, sir.

(The Deposition was concluded at 12:50 p.m.)

[88] STATE OF MICHIGAN)
ss)
COUNTY OF WAYNE)

I, Ethel M. Martin, Notary Public within and for the County of Wayne, State of Michigan, do hereby certify that the witness whose attached deposition was taken before me in the above-entitled matter was by me duly sworn at the aforementioned time and place; that the testimony given by said witness was stenographically recorded in the presence of said witness and afterwards transcribed by computer under my personal supervision, and that the said deposition is a full, true and correct transcript of the testimony given by the witness.

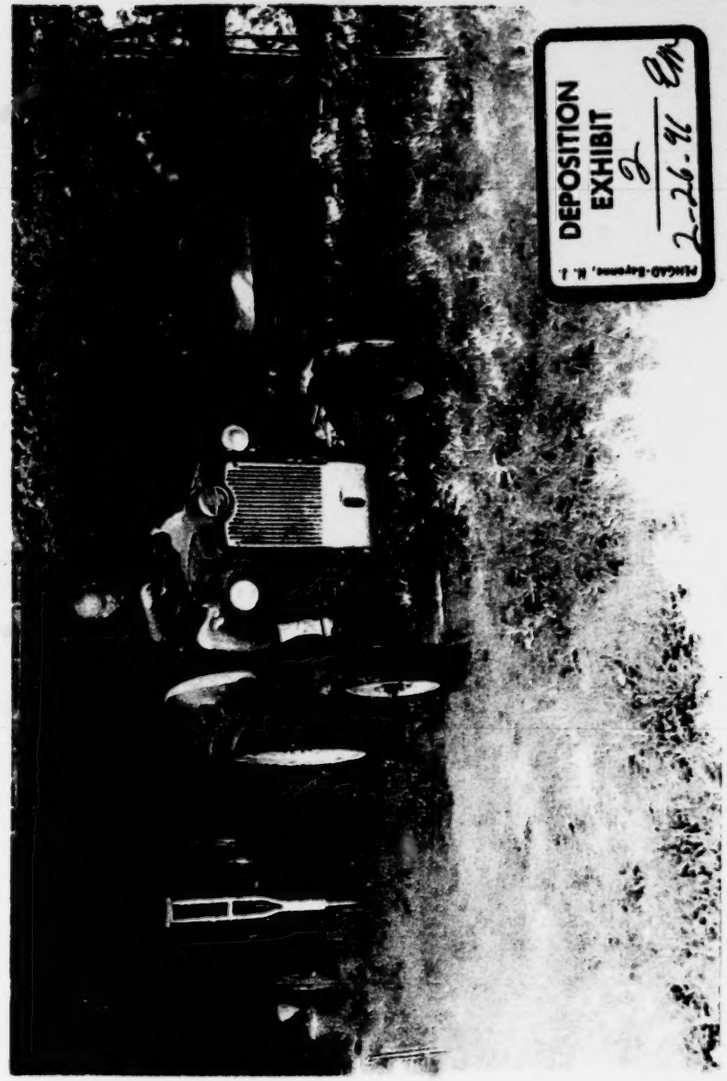
I further certify that I am not connected by blood or marriage with any of the parties or their attorneys, and that I am not an employee of either of them, nor financially interested in the action.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand at the City of Detroit, County of Wayne, State of Michigan, this ___ day of ___, 1996.

Ethel M. Martin, Notary Public

Wayne County, Michigan

My commission expires: 09-03-98.



D

STATE OF MICHIGAN

COURT OF APPEALS

ROBERT G. HILGER and GAY E. HILGER

Plaintiffs-Appellants,

v

EDITH M. LAWRENCE and the Circuit Court EDITH M. LAWRENCE TRUST

Defendants-Appellees.

UNPUBLISHED

September 7, 1999

No. 206103

Wayne

LC No. 95-528053 N

Before Zahra, P.J. and Saad and Collins, JJ.

PER CURIAM

Plaintiffs appeal as of right from an order granting summary disposition in favor of defendants pursuant to MCR 2.1 16(C)(10). We affirm. We review a trial court's decision to grant or deny a motion for summary disposition *de novo*. *Spiek* v. *Department of Transportation*, 456 Mich 331, 337; 572 NW2d 201 (1998).

Plaintiffs argue that the trial court erred in granting defendants' motion for summary disposition pursuant to the volunteer doctrine. In *Ryder Truck Rental* v. *Urbane*, 228 Mich App 519, 522; 579 NW2d 425 (1998), this Court ruled that the volunteer doctrine is restricted solely to actions involving *respondeat superior* liability and thus, the volunteer doctrine is not applicable in premises liability actions.[1] We are bound by the precedent set in *Ryder, supra* pursuant to MCR 7.215(H). Therefore, we conclude that the trial court erred in finding that the volunteer doctrine was applicable in this case.

Nonetheless, we conclude that the trial court properly granted summary disposition to defendants because plaintiffs failed to present evidence to sustain a *prima facie* case of premises liability.[2] Assuming plaintiff Robert Hilger was an invitee, plaintiff would have to present evidence of a dangerous condition on the land that the defendant knew or should have known that plaintiff would not discover, realize, or protect himself against. *Bertrand* v. *Alan Ford, Inc.*, 449 Mich 606, 609; 537 NW2d 185 (1995). The mere occurrence of an accident is not enough to raise a legitimate inference of negligence. *Stefan* v. *White*, 76 Mich App 654, 661; 257 NW2d 206 (1977). There must be proof that a dangerous condition existed and defendant knew or should have known of its existence. *Bertrand, supra* at 609.

Plaintiff Robert Hilger testified that while he was mowing the weeds in Lot #3 of defendant's property, the tractor tipped to the left which caused him to fall partially off the tractor sustaining injuries to his left knee. Hilger never identified what caused the tractor to tip. Several months after the accident Hilger went back to Lot #3 and discovered a log that appeared to have been cut down lying in the area where the accident occurred.[3] Plaintiff never saw the log on the day of the accident, nor was there any other evidence or testimony to establish that the log plaintiff observed months after the fact was, in fact, what caused the tractor to tip to the left. Significantly, Hilger testified that he had mowed Lot #3 two or three times between 1992 and 1994 after defendant's husband died and never observed the log previously.[4] Additionally, defendant was in no position to know if there was a dangerous condition on Lot #3 because she

relied upon plaintiff and his sons to take care of Lot #3 for her. Although defendant testified that she knew her husband had placed wood at the rear of Lot #3 while he was alive, the accident occurred in a different area of the lot more than three years after plaintiff began mowing the property. Thus, defendant's purported knowledge of the dangerous condition is not supported by the facts.

For the reasons stated above, we find that summary disposition for defendants was properly granted.

Affirmed.

/s/ Brian K. Zahra
/s/ Henry William Saad
/s/ Jeffrey G. Collins

[1] In *Ryder Truck Rental* v. *Urbane*, 228 Mich App 519, 526-533; 579 NW2d 425 (1998), Justice Corrigan, then Chief Judge of this Court, wrote a concurring opinion rejecting the majority view that the volunteer doctrine is restricted to actions involving *respondeat superior* liability. Justice Corrigan explained that the volunteer doctrine should turn upon whether the putative master extended to the putative volunteer an invitation to act. If the plaintiff's conduct is in response to an invitation to act, then the volunteer doctrine does not apply as Justice Corrigan explained:

> The volunteer is founded on the notion that no duty of ordinary care arises between a master and a volunteer because the master never agreed to enter into something akin to an employment relationship with the volunteer, *i.e.*, the master did not invite the volunteer to act. When the master invites the volunteer to act, whether gratuitously or not, application of the

> volunteer doctrine would not further this underlying rationale. *Ryder, supra* at 532-533.

We agree with the well reasoned opinion of Justice Corrigan. We would declare a conflict with *Ryder, supra,* pursuant to MCR 7.215 (H)(3) but for the fact that *Ryder* is not determinative of the outcome in this case. [Emphasis added.]

[2] We find no merit in plaintiffs' argument that this Court should not consider whether there was sufficient evidence to establish a *prima facie* case of premises liability. Even though the trial court did not specifically rule on this issue and decided the motion on an alternative theory of law, this issue was briefed and argued before the trial court. Since we review motions for summary disposition *de novo,* it is well within this Court's authority to find that the trial court reached the right result for a different reason.

[3] Hilger cannot specify when he went back out to Lot #3 and observed the log on the ground. First, he testified it was weeks after the accident and then he said it could have been sometime in 1995 (the accident occurred on August 15, 1994). Unlike the plaintiff in *Andrew* v. *K-Mart Corporation,* 181 Mich App 666, 669; 405 NW2d 27 (1989), who observed the defect in the rug immediately after she tripped and fell, Hilger never saw what caused the tractor to tip on the day of the accident and did not observe the alleged log until an unspecified number of weeks or months after the accident.

[4] The fact that Hilger previously mowed the lot subsequent to defendant's husband's death places Hilger in a catch-22. If, as defendant indicated, her husband placed

wood on Lot #3 while he was alive, Hilger should have known of the log by virtue of his prior experiences. On the other hand, if the log was placed on the property sometime after Hilger had last mowed the lot, then he has failed to establish that defendant knew or should have known of this log.